



**21^a CONFERENCIA
INTERNACIONAL
SOBRE PALMA DE ACEITE**

21st International Oil Palm Conference

2025

**ACCELERATING THE
DEVELOPMENT OF NEW OIL
PALM CULTIVARS USING
THE GENOMES OF *E.
GUINEENSIS* AND *E.
OLEIFERA***



OIL PALM



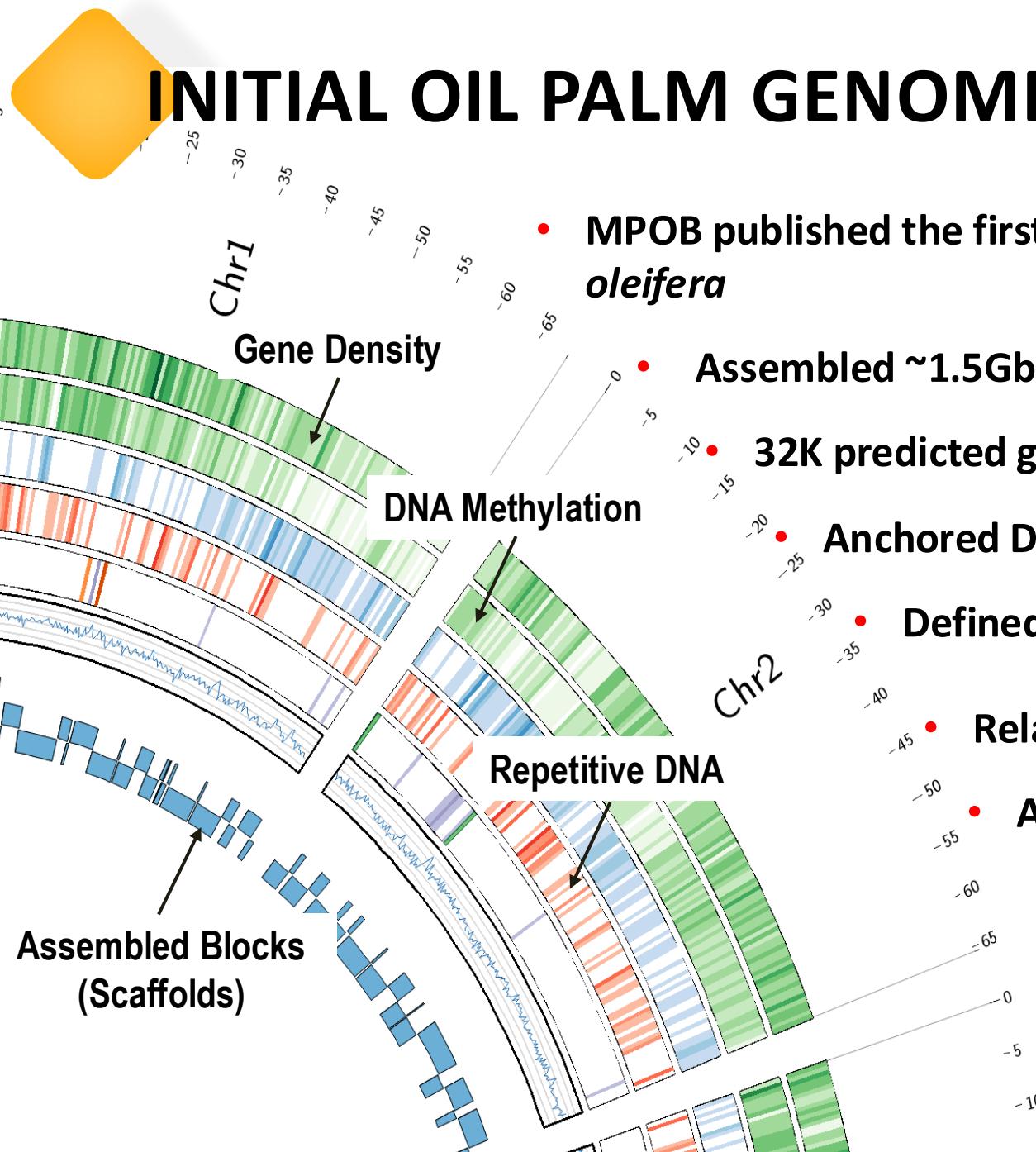
Source: https://www.palmpedia.net/wiki/Elaeis_oleifera

AGRICULTURE GENOMICS - ASSISTS WITH DEVELOPING NEW & IMPROVED CULTIVARS

Agricultural Genomics is the application of genomic tools to improve crops and livestock



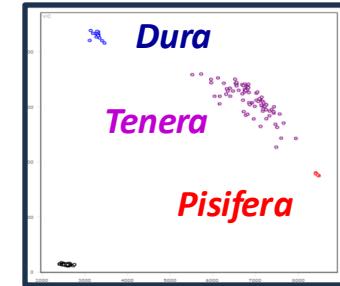
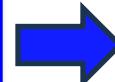
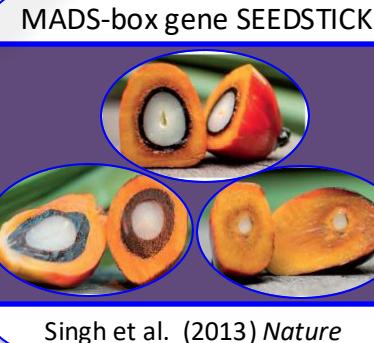
INITIAL OIL PALM GENOME BUILDS (2013)



- MPOB published the first reference genomes for *E. guineensis (pisifera)* & *E. oleifera*
- Assembled ~1.5Gb of the estimated 1.8Gb *E. guineensis* genome
- 32K predicted genes
- Anchored DNA methylation density map
- Defined the repeat content of the genome
- Relatively fragmented assembly (>40K assembled blocks)
- Allowed for the discovery of the genes responsible for:
 - ✓ Fruit form phenotype (*SHELL*)
 - ✓ Fruit colour (*VIR*)
 - ✓ Mantled somaclonal abnormality (*MANTLED*)

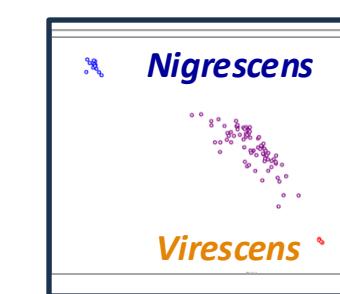
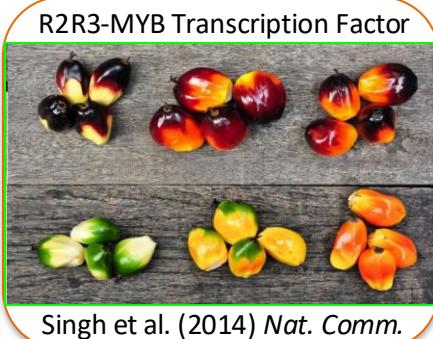
SHELL, VIRESSENS (VIR) and KARMA DNA DIAGNOSTIC ASSAYS

SHELL



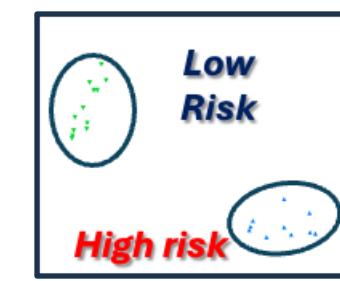
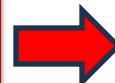
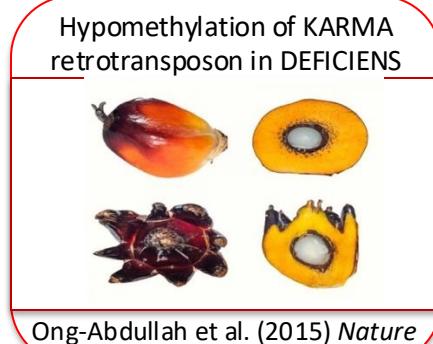
Distinguish **Tenera** from **Dura** and **Pisifera** palms. **Tenera** produces ~30% dan ~100% more oil than **Dura** dan **Pisifera**

VIR



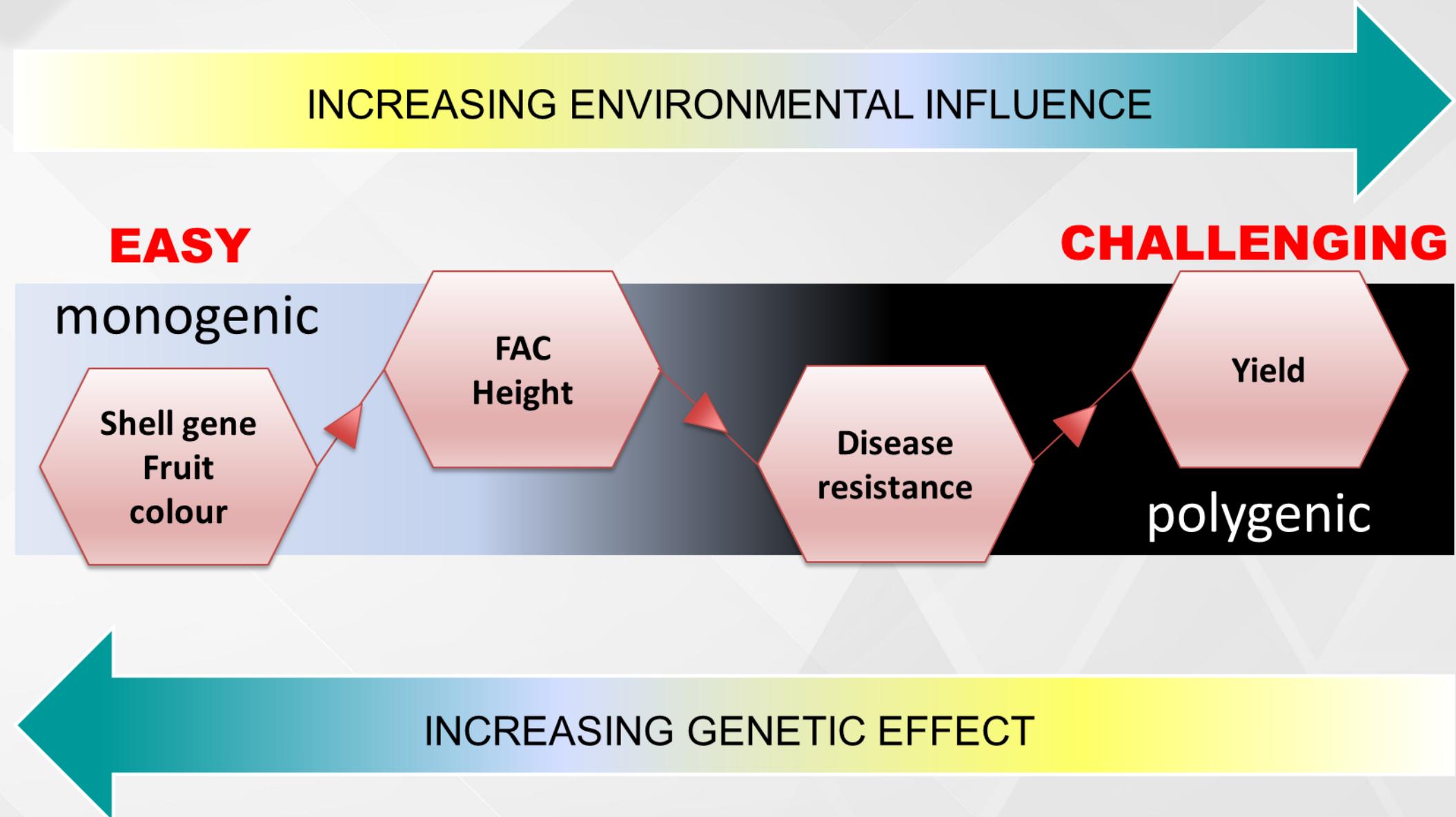
Distinguish **Virescens (VIR)** from **Nigrescens (NIG)** palms. **Virescens** fruits have very distinct change in colour during ripening

KARMA



Determine probability of palms producing **MANTLED Fruits**. Mantled-free clonal palms have potential to produce 20 - 30% more oil than seed-derived materials

TRAITS OF INTEREST IN OIL PALM



IMPROVING THE OIL PALM GENOME BUILDS

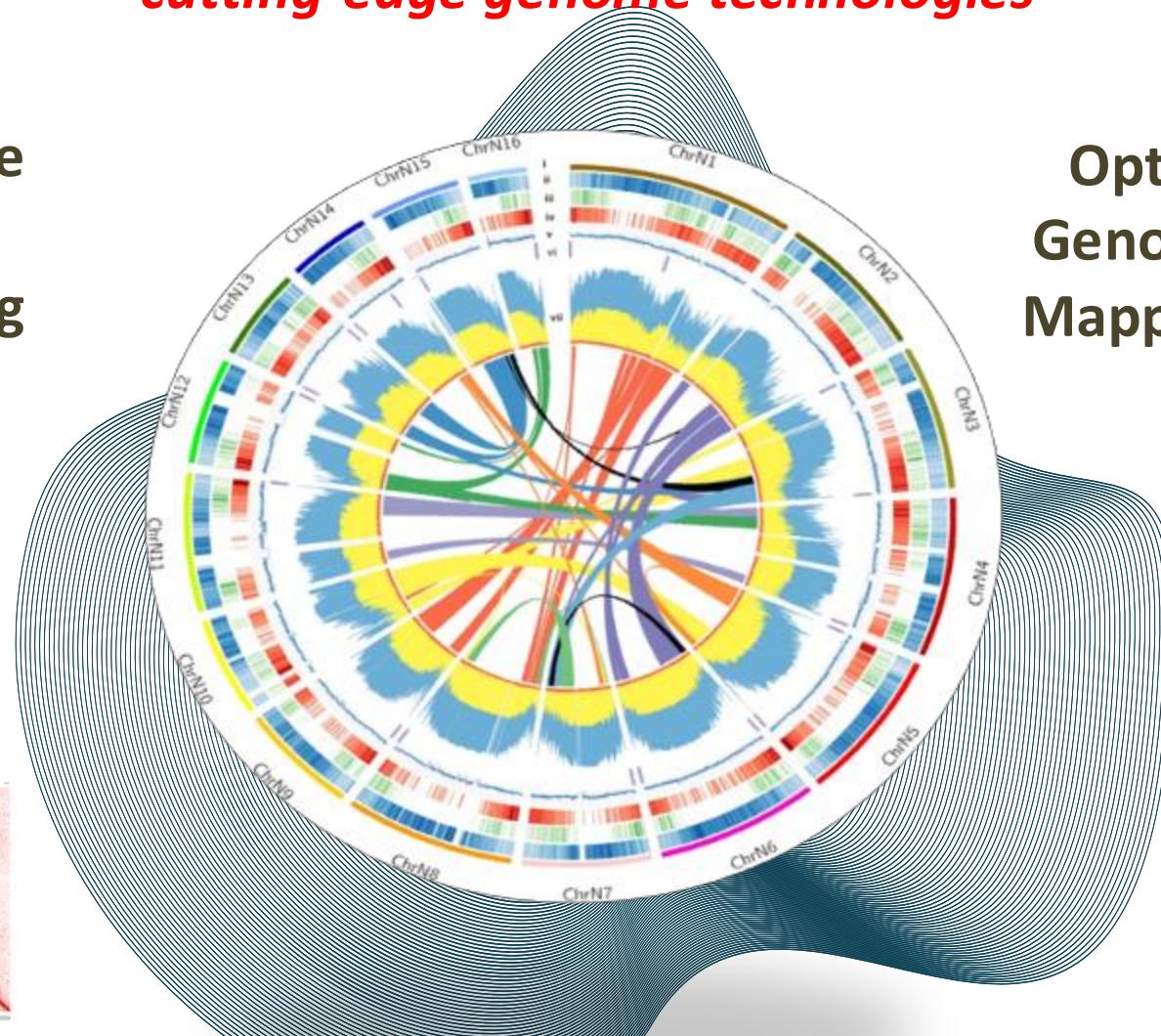
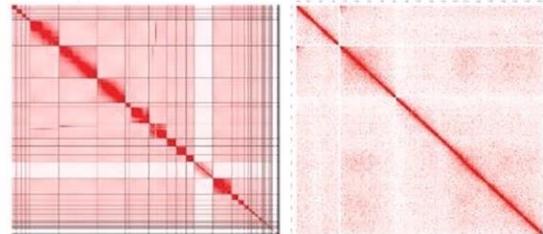
Achieving chromosome-scale assemblies involved the integration of several
cutting-edge genome technologies



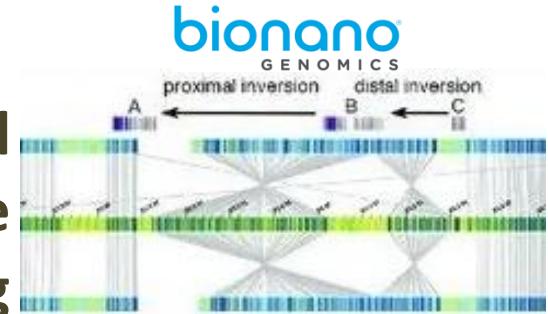
Long Range
Genome
Sequencing



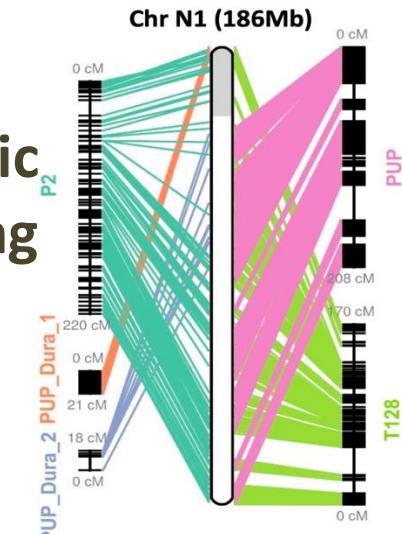
Proximity
Ligation
Sequencing



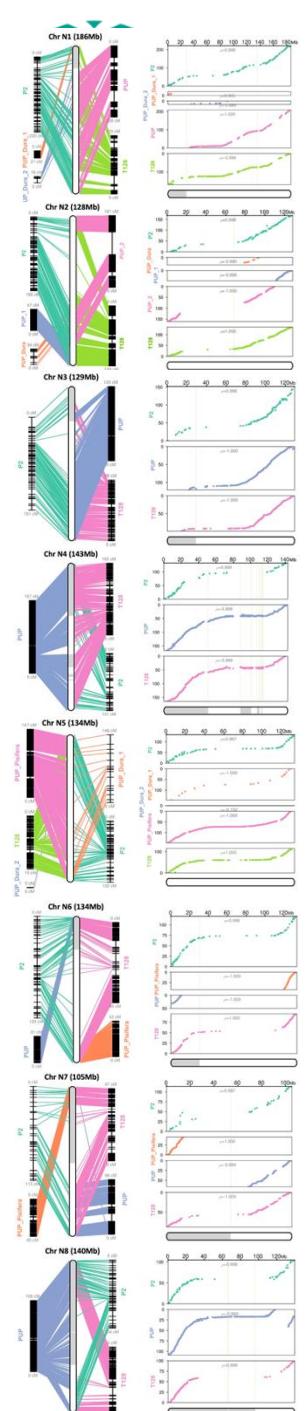
Optical
Genome
Mapping



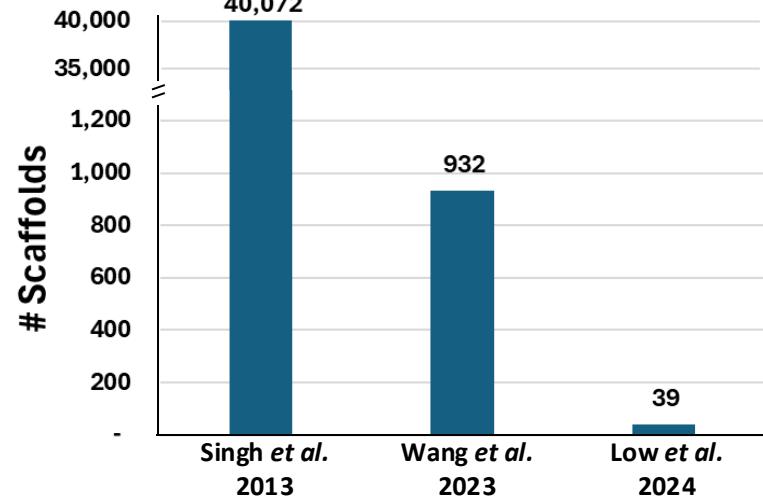
Genetic
Mapping



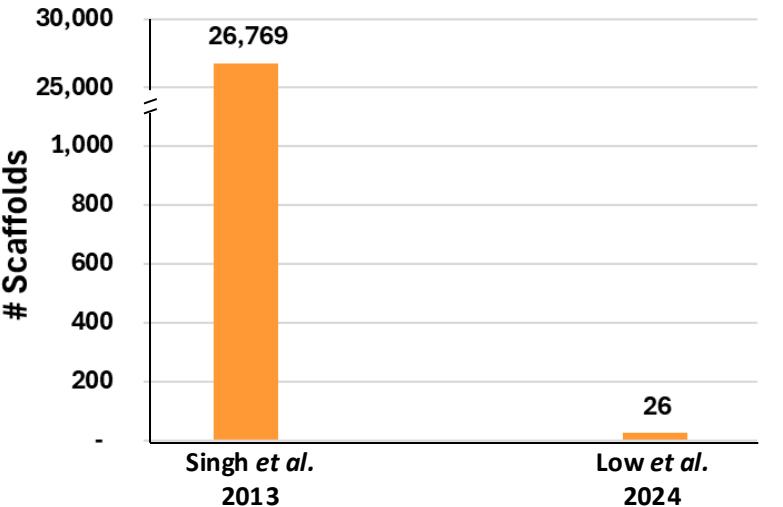
OIL PALM GENOME BUILDS (2024 vs. 2013)



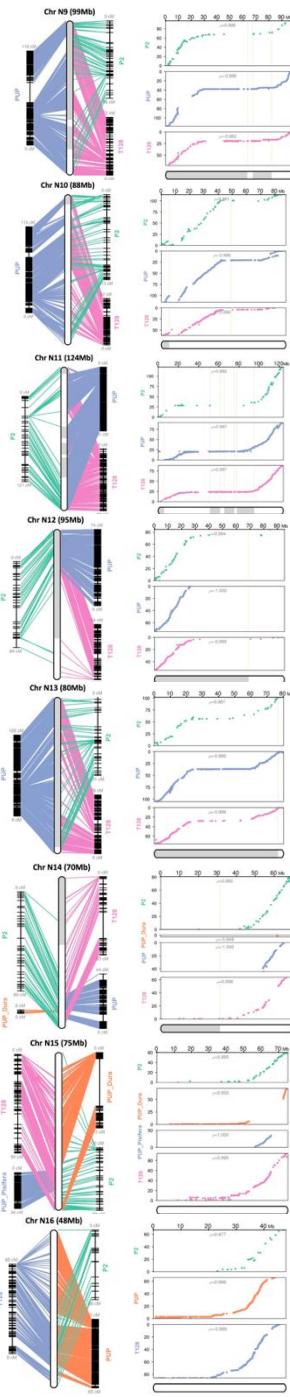
E. guineensis (Eg)



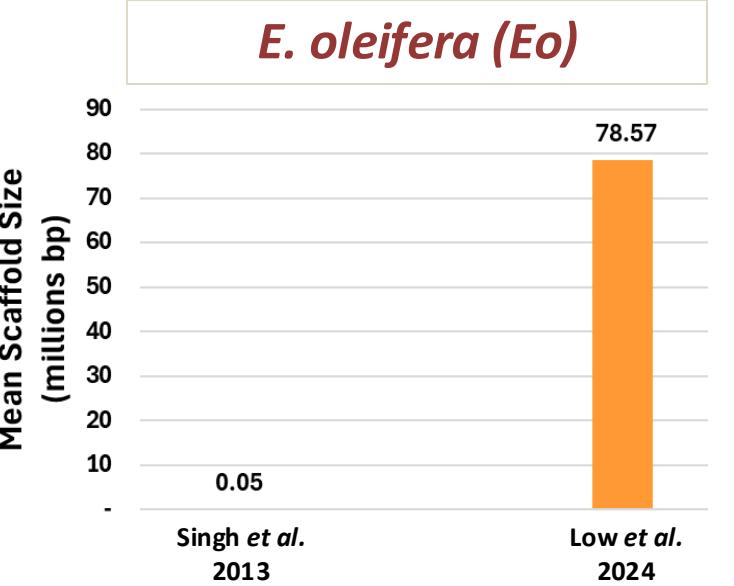
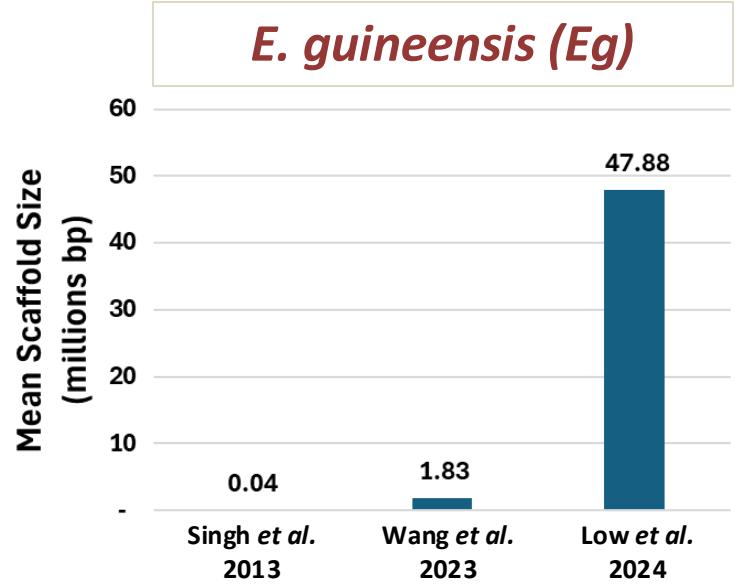
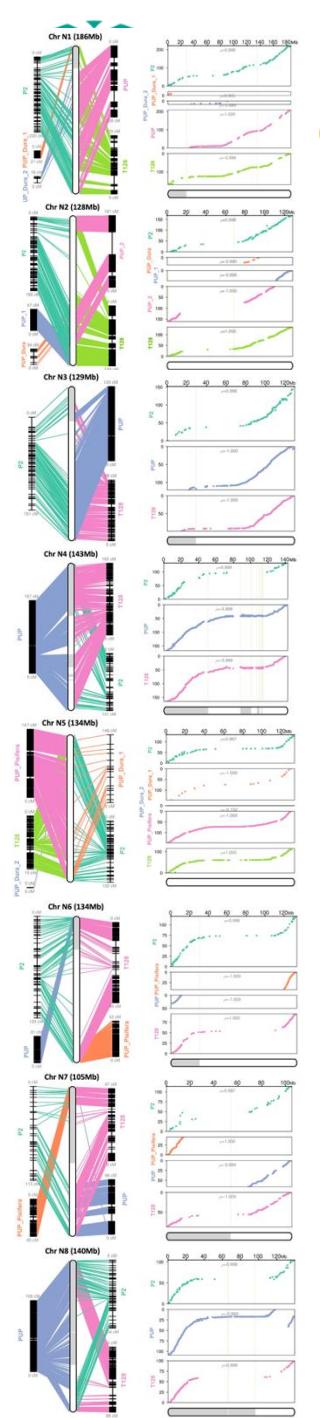
E. oleifera (Eo)



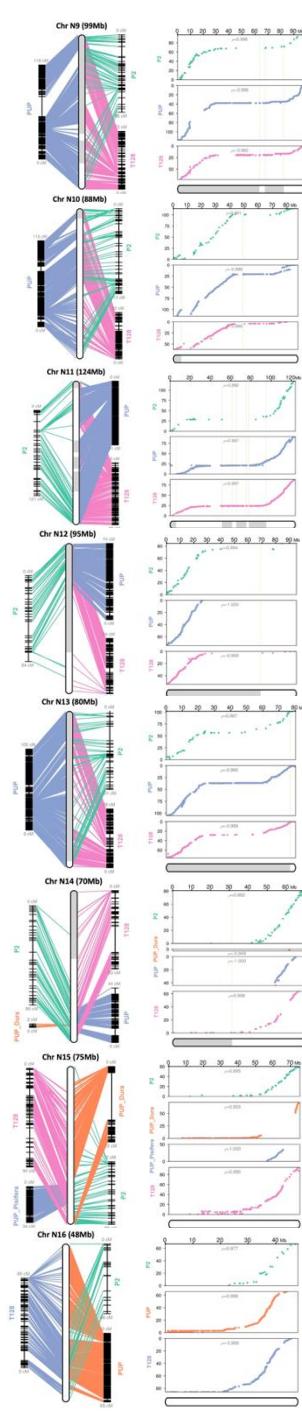
- In 2023, Temasek Life Sciences Laboratory, Singapore published an improved *Eg (dura)* reference genome;
- In 2024, MPOB published the first chromosome-scale reference genomes for both *Eg (pisifera)* and *Eo* (Low et al. 2024);
- **1000-fold** decrease in number of *Eg* and *Eo* assembled genome blocks



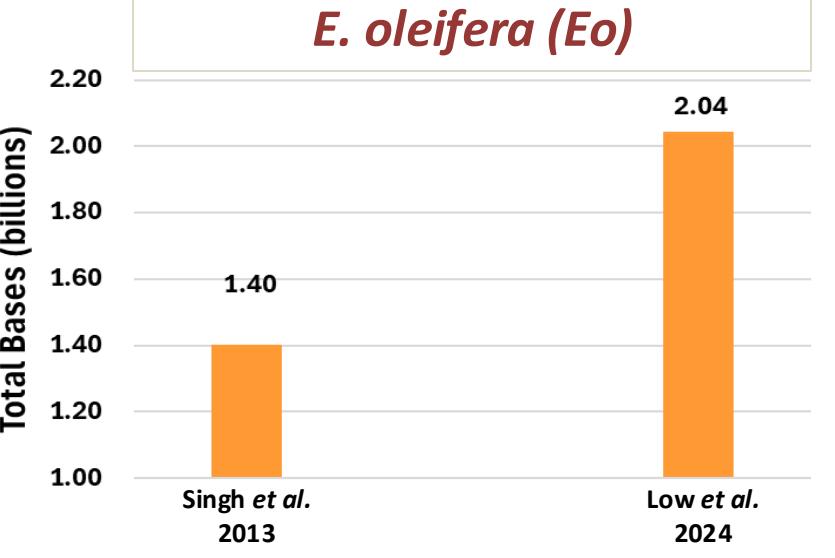
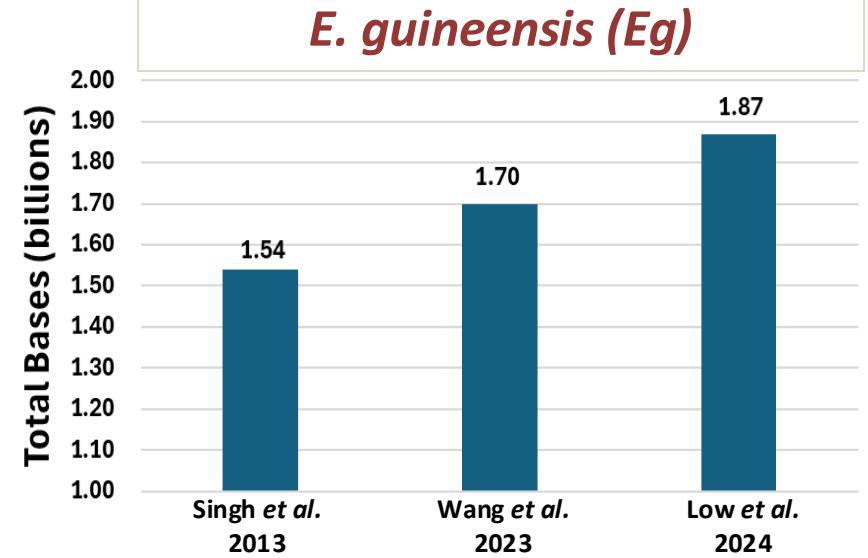
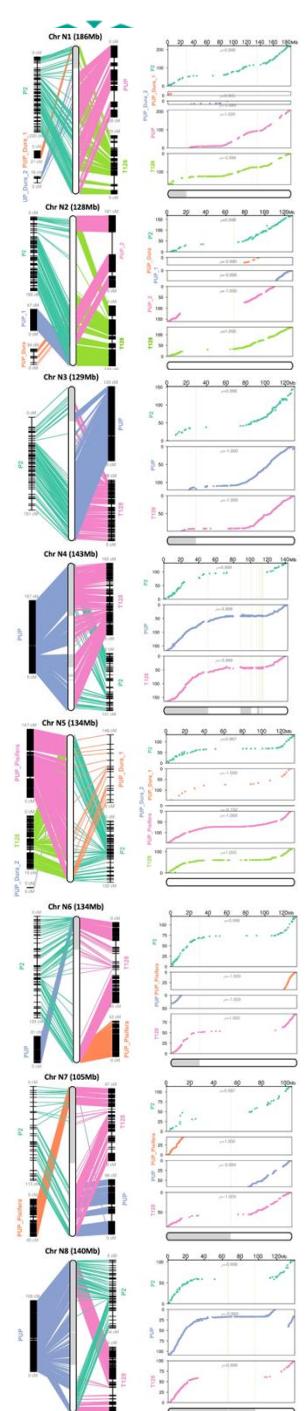
OIL PALM GENOME BUILDS (2024 vs. 2013)



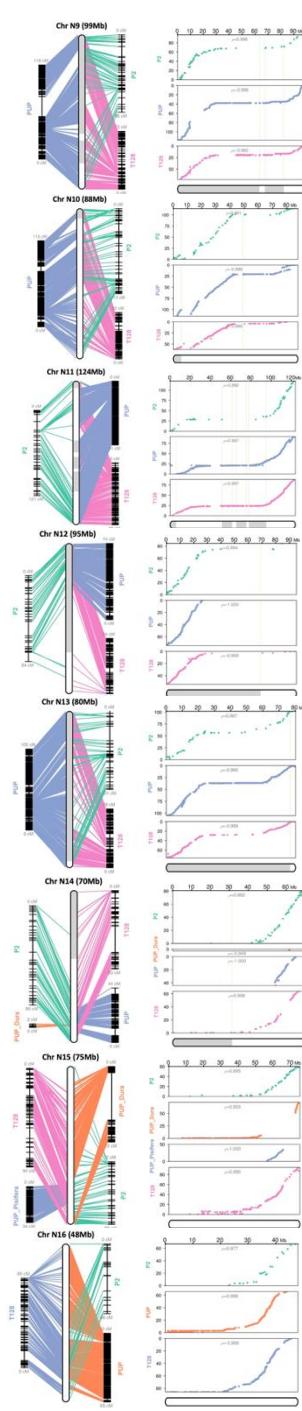
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- 1000-fold increase in the size of *Eg* assembled blocks (1500-fold increase for *Eo*)**



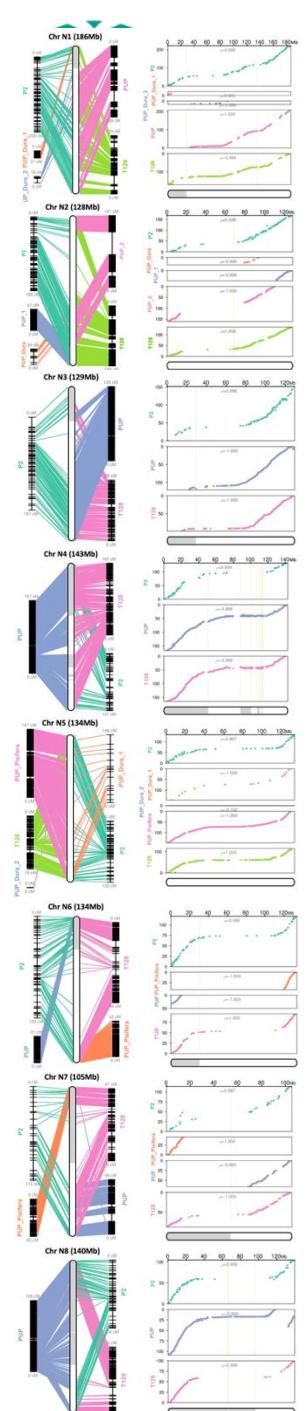
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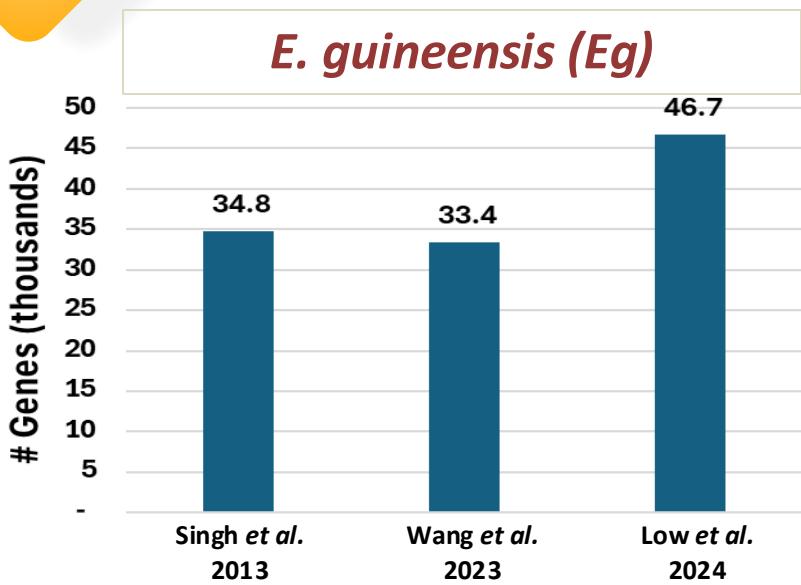
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- 1000-fold* decrease in number of *Eg* and *Eo* assembled genome blocks;
- 1000-fold* increase in the size of *Eg* assembled blocks (*1500-fold* increase for *Eo*);
- 330 million bp added to the *Eg* genome assembly (640 million bp for *Eo*)**



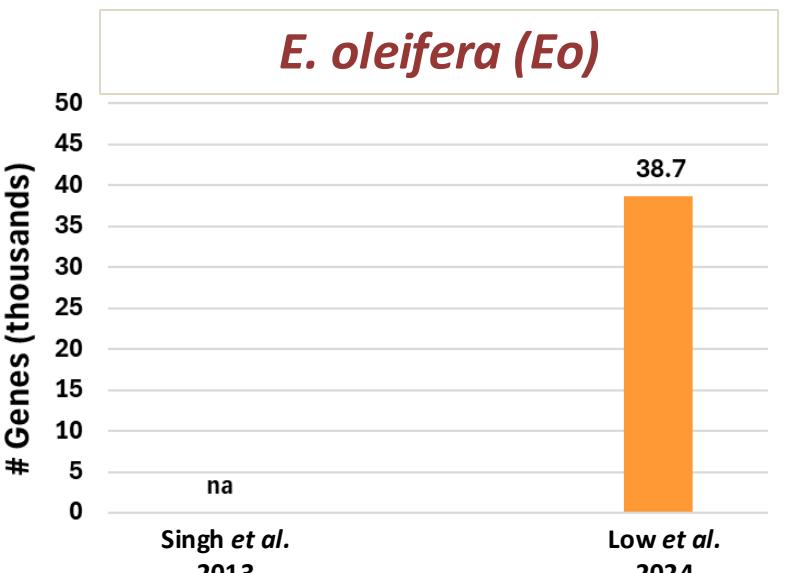
OIL PALM GENOME BUILDS (2024 vs. 2013)



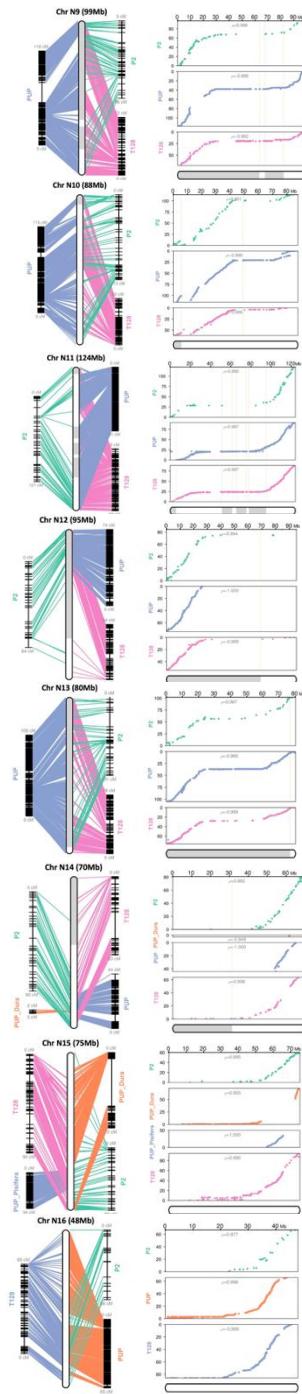
E. guineensis (Eg)



E. oleifera (Eo)

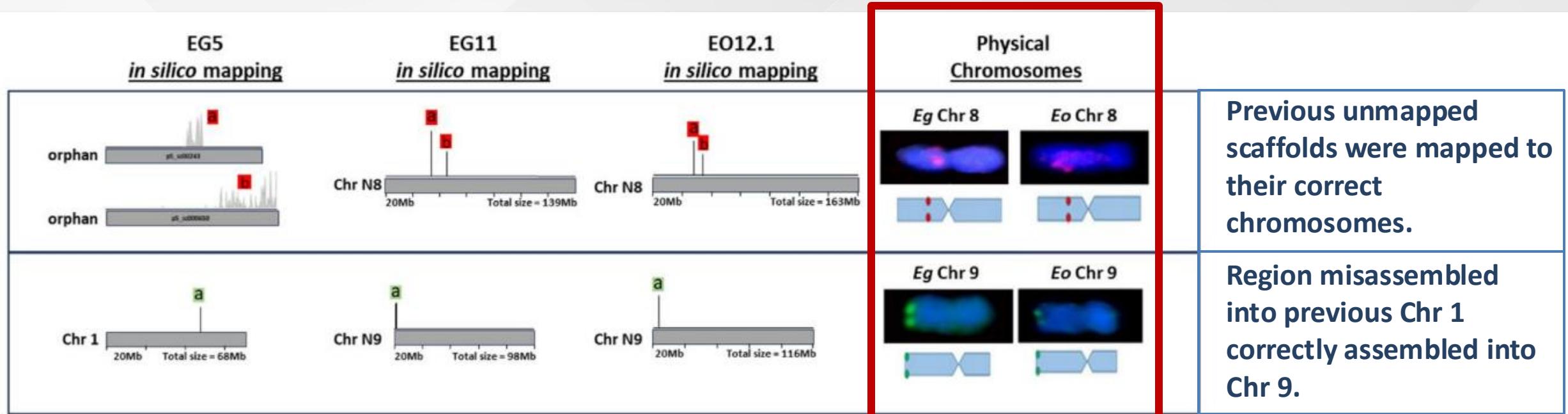


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- 1000-fold decrease in number of *Eg* and *Eo* assembled genome blocks;
- 1000-fold increase in the size of *Eg* assembled blocks (1500-fold increase for *Eo*);
- 330 million base pairs added to the *Eg* genome assembly (640 million base pairs for *Eo*);
- 11,895 additional genes modeled in the *Eg* genome assembly (38,658 genes modeled for *Eo*)**
- Provided substantial improvements to the continuity, completeness and content of the reference genomes. The 16 oil palm pseudo-chromosomes are established.**



IMPROVEMENTS: CORRECTION OF MISASSEMBLIES

- Improved assembly also led to additional corrections



Corrections were confirmed by EgOligoFISH cytogenetics

NEW CHROMOSOME-SCALE GENOME ASSEMBLIES (2024)



Chromosome-scale *Elaeis guineensis* and *E. oleifera* assemblies: comparative genomics of oil palm and other Arecaceae

Eng-Ti Leslie Low,^{1,2} Kuang-Lim Chan,^{1,2} Noorhariza Mohd Zaki,¹ Elizaveta Tarasenko,² Jared M. Ordway,³ Corey Wachmeyer,⁴ Jaap Buntjer,² Mohd Amin Ab Halim,¹ Nik Shazana Nik Mohd Sanusi,¹ Jayanthi Nagappan,¹ Rosina Rosli,¹ Eugenya Bondar,² Nadrish Amriuddin,¹ Nonashikin Sapari,¹ Ngoot-Chin Ting,¹ Pek-Lan Chan,¹ Melina Ong-Abdullah,¹ Marhalli Merjuki,¹ Suzana Mustaffa,¹ Norlita Abdullah,¹ Norazah Azot,¹ Blanka Bacher,¹ Nathan Lakey,¹ Tatjana V. Tatarinova,¹ Mohamad Arif Abd Maraf,¹ Ravinder Sambanthamurthy,¹ Rajinder Singh,^{1,4}

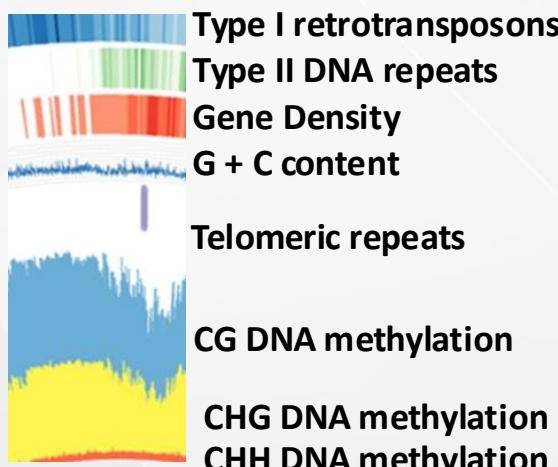
¹Advanced Biotechnology and Breeding Centre, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, & Peninsular Institute, Bandar Baru Bangi, 43000 Kajang, Selangor, Malaysia

²Biology Department, University of La Verne, La Verne, CA 91750, USA

³Ozon Genomics, 3730 Audley Way, St. Louis, MO 63110, USA

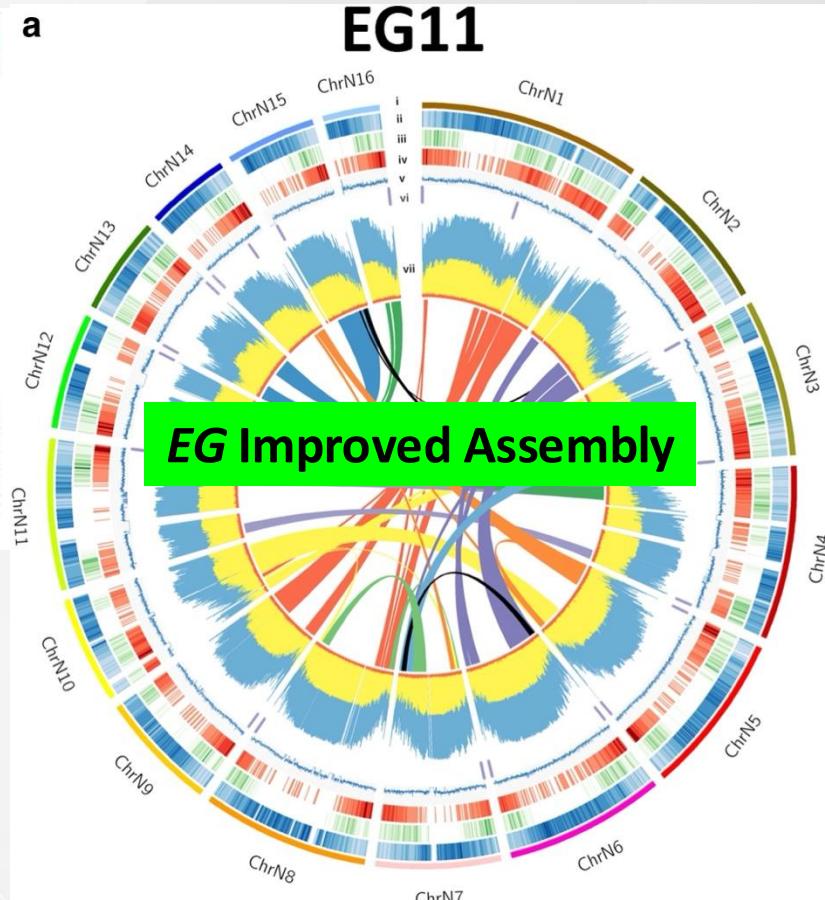
⁴Corresponding author: Malaysian Palm Oil Board, & Peninsular Institute, Bandar Baru Bangi, 43000 Kajang, Selangor, Malaysia. Email: sjn@mpob.gov.my.

Elaeis guineensis and *E. oleifera* are the two species of oil palm. *E. guineensis* is the most widely cultivated commercial species, and introgression of desirable traits from *E. oleifera* is ongoing. We report an improved *E. guineensis* genome assembly with substantially increased continuity and completeness, as well as the first chromosome-scale *E. oleifera* genome assembly. Each assembly was obtained by integration of long-read sequencing, proximity ligation sequencing, optical mapping, and genetic mapping. High interspecific genome conservation is observed between the two species. This study provides the most extensive gene annotation to date, including 46,697 *E. guineensis* and 38,658 *E. oleifera* gene predictions. Analyses of repetitive element families further resolve the DNA repeat architecture of both genomes. Comparative genomic analysis identified experimentally validated small structural variants between the oil palm species and resolved the mechanisms of chromosomal fusions responsible for the evolutionary descending dysploidy from 18 to 16 chromosomes.

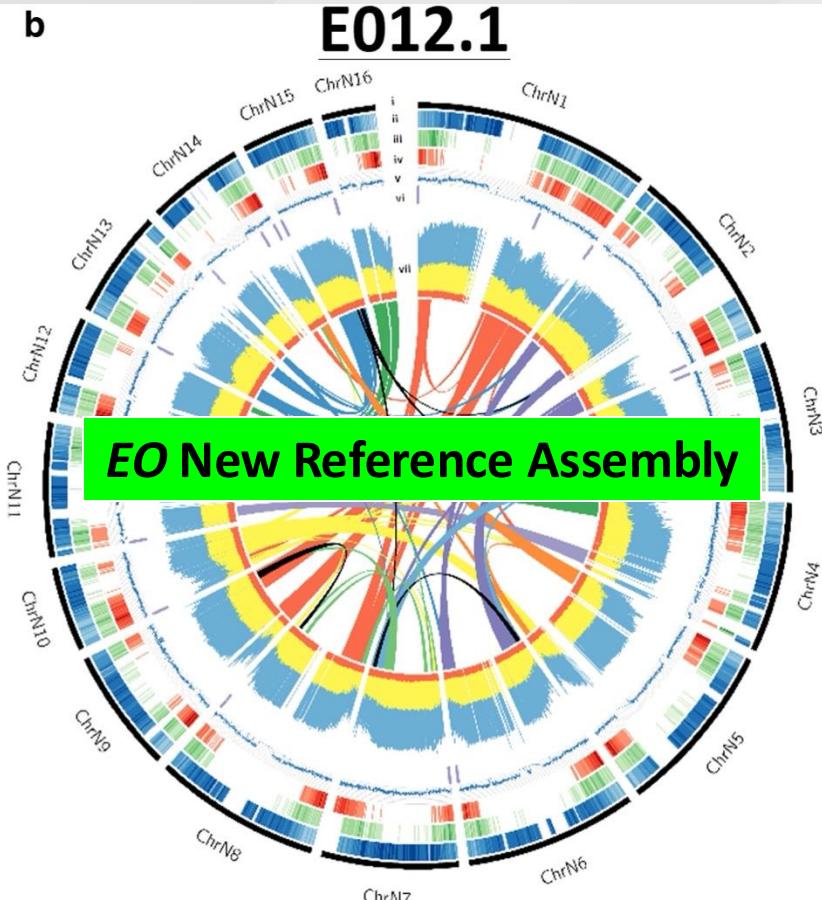


G3, 2024, jkan195.
<https://doi.org/10.1093/g3/jkan195>
Advance Access Publication Date: 26 June 2024
Genome Report

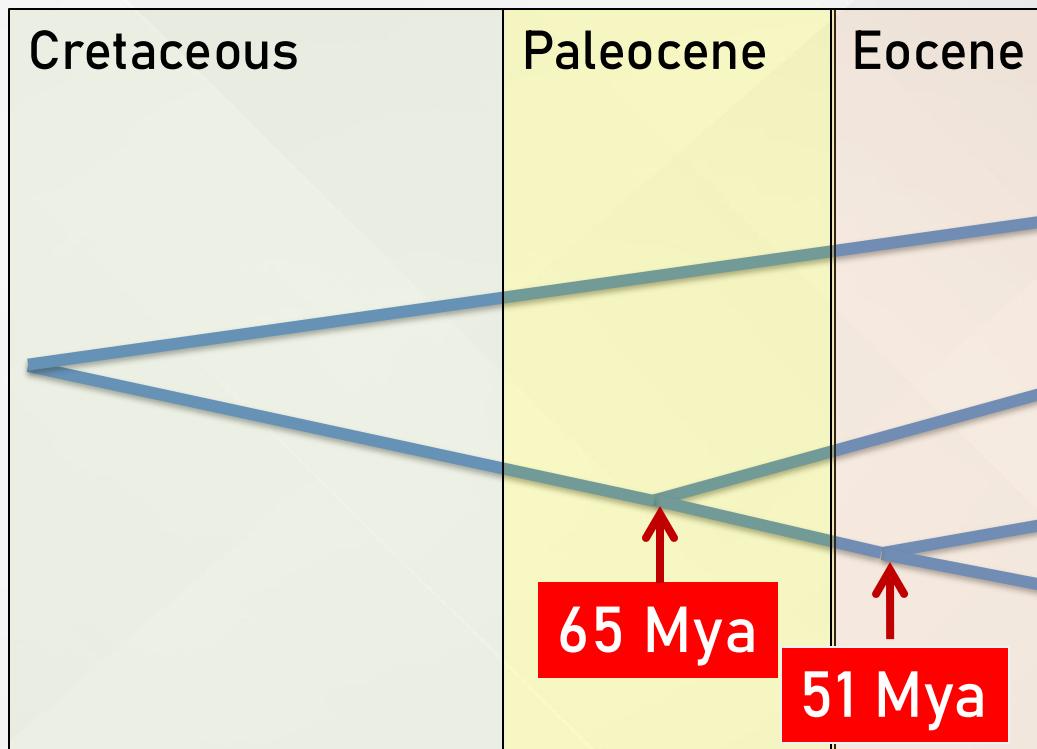
a



b



DIVERGENCE OF PALMS FROM OTHER MONOCOTS

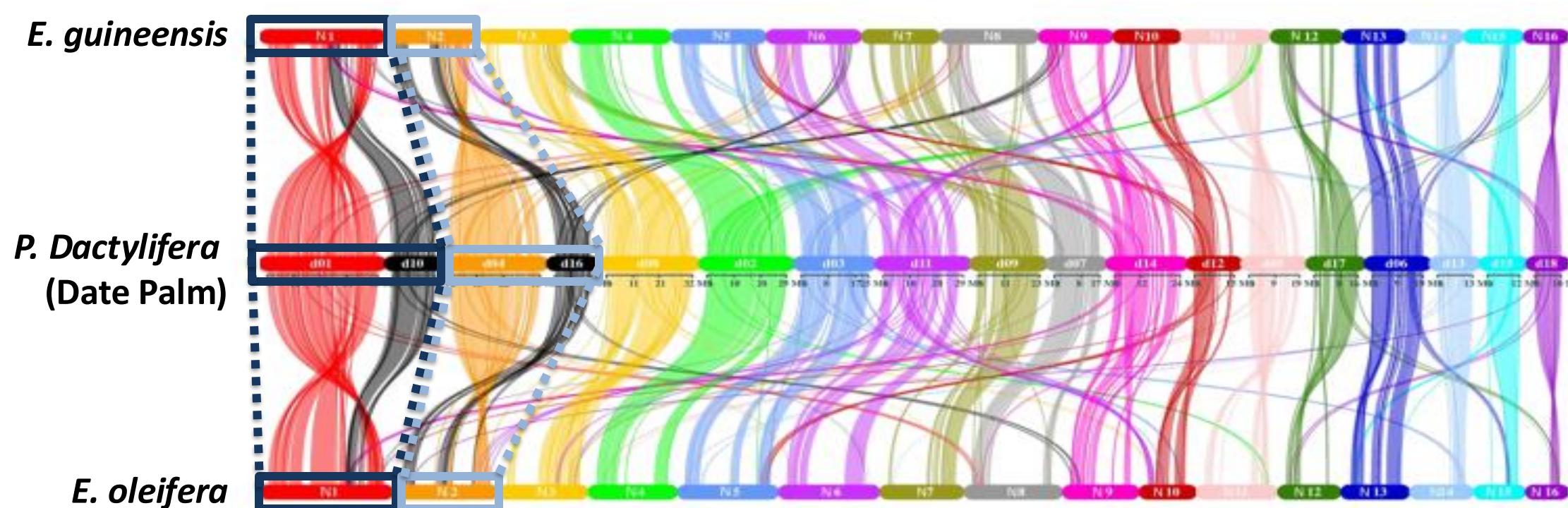


Banana
Date Palm
African Oil Palm
American Oil Palm



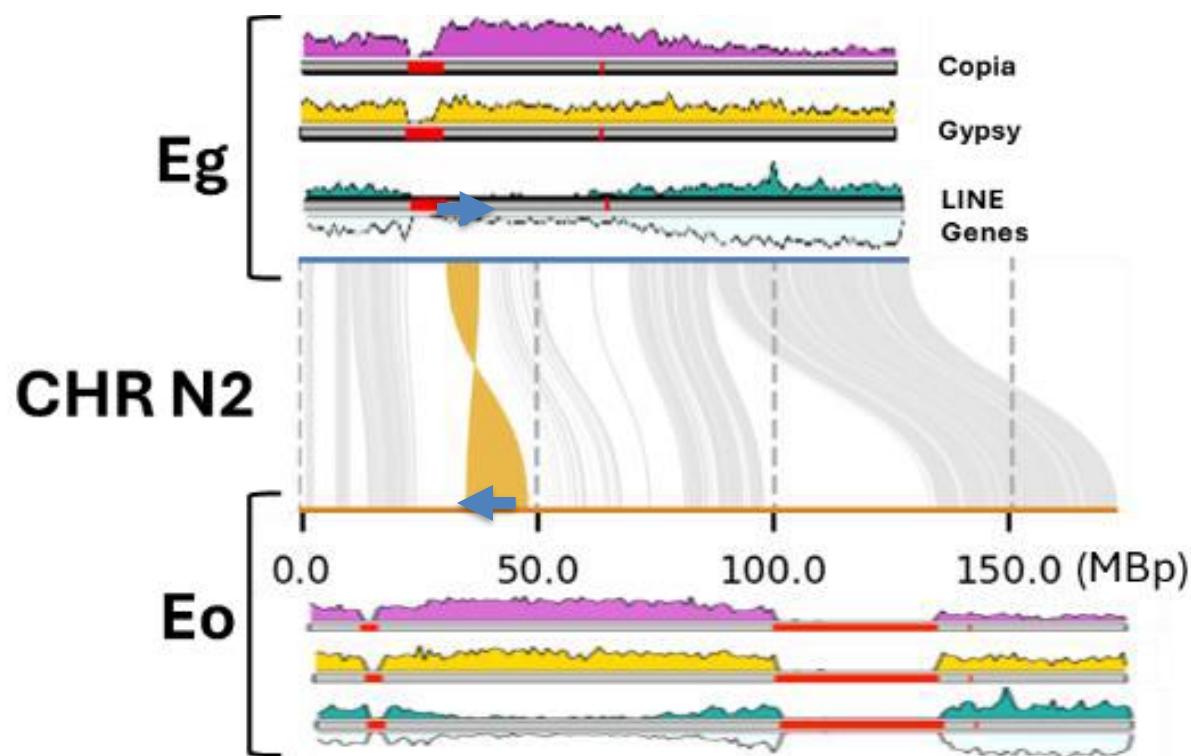
DESCENDING DYSPOLOIDY IN OIL PALM EVOLUTION

- Mostly pairwise syntenic relationships between oil palm (16 chrs) and date palm (18 chrs) chromosomes;
- Oil palm Chr 1 arose from end-to-end fusion of date palm Chrs 1 & 10, followed by additional rearrangement;
- Oil palm Chr 2 arose from end-to-end fusion of date palm Chrs 4 & 16, followed by additional rearrangement;
- Explains the descending dysploidy from 18 to 16 chrs, occurring after divergence of date palm and oil palm ~65 million years ago, but before divergence of *E. guineensis* and *E. oleifera* ~50 million years ago.

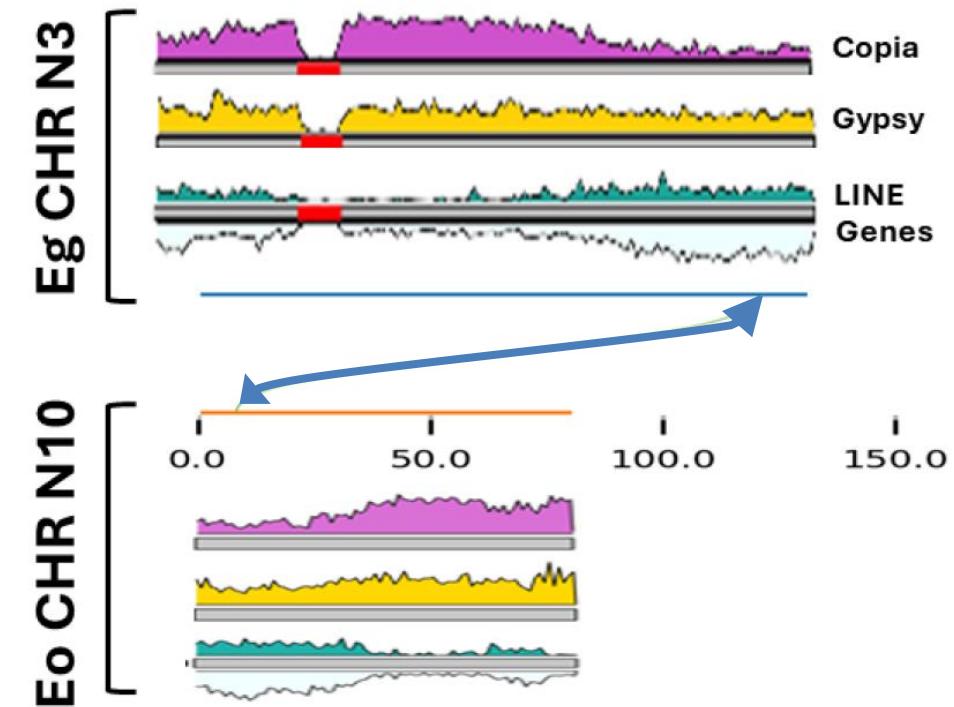


STRUCTURAL VARIANTS BETWEEN TWO OIL PALM SPECIES

Inversions in one species relative to the other species

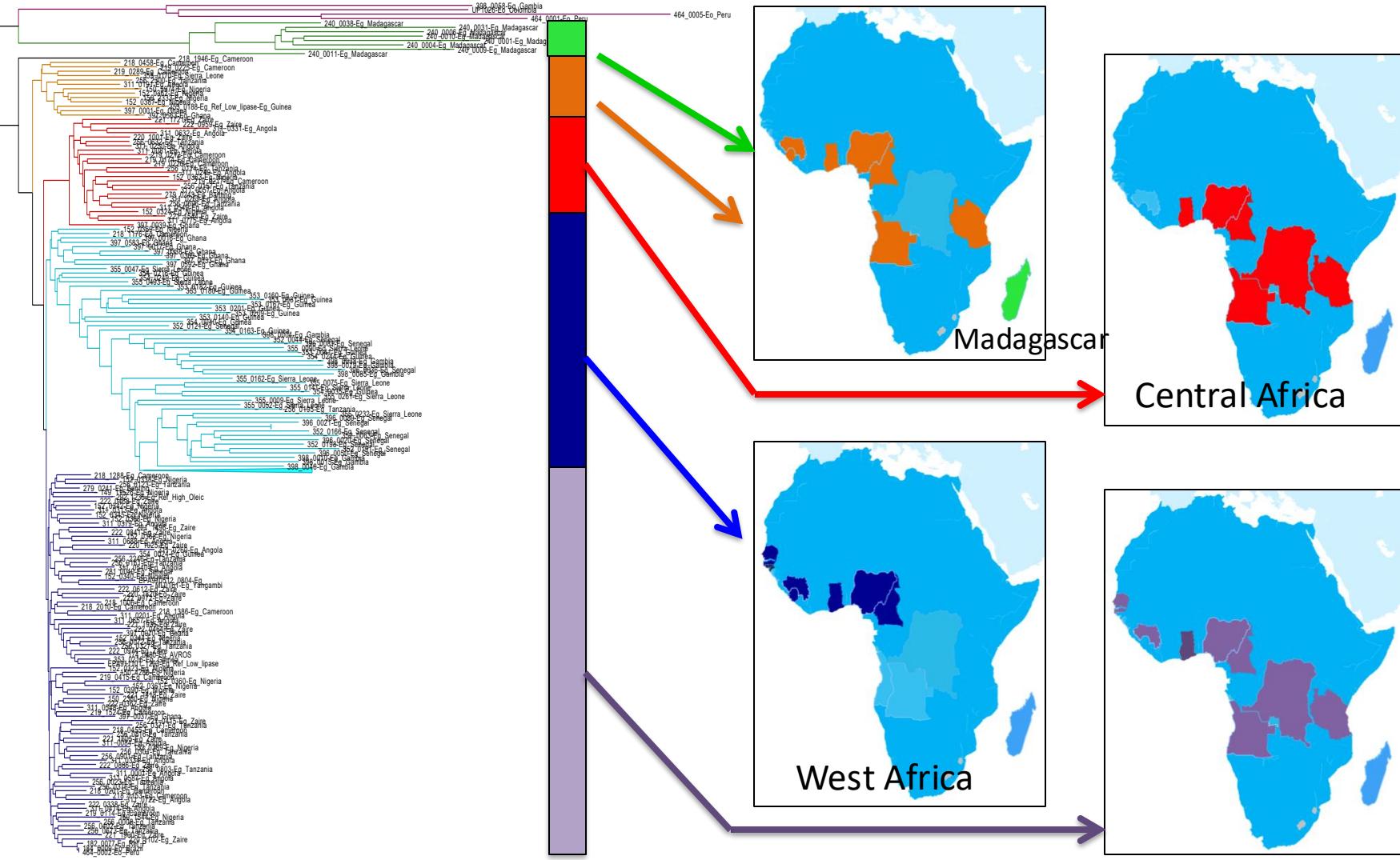


Translocations from one chromosome in one species to a different chromosome in the other species



RE-SEQUENCED >300 OIL PALM GERMPLASM SAMPLES

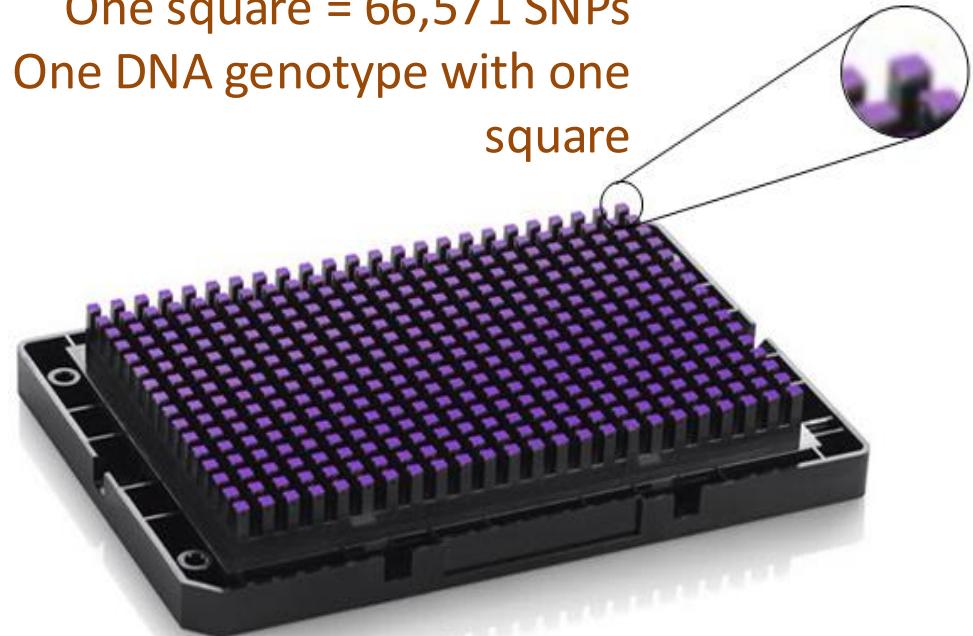
>300 *E. guineensis*,
E. oleifera
germplasm &
advanced breeding
lines sequenced &
mined for SNPs



OIL PALM COMMUNITY ARRAY (MPOB-Eg50)

- ❖ MPOB-Eg50 is the first high-throughput optimized genotyping platform for *E. guineensis*, that is made available to oil palm scientific researchers in Malaysia as a community array.
- ❖ MPOB consolidate all samples to get a better price using the Axiom platform.

One square = 66,571 SNPs
One DNA genotype with one square



E. guineensis 50K SNP Array (MPOB-Eg50)

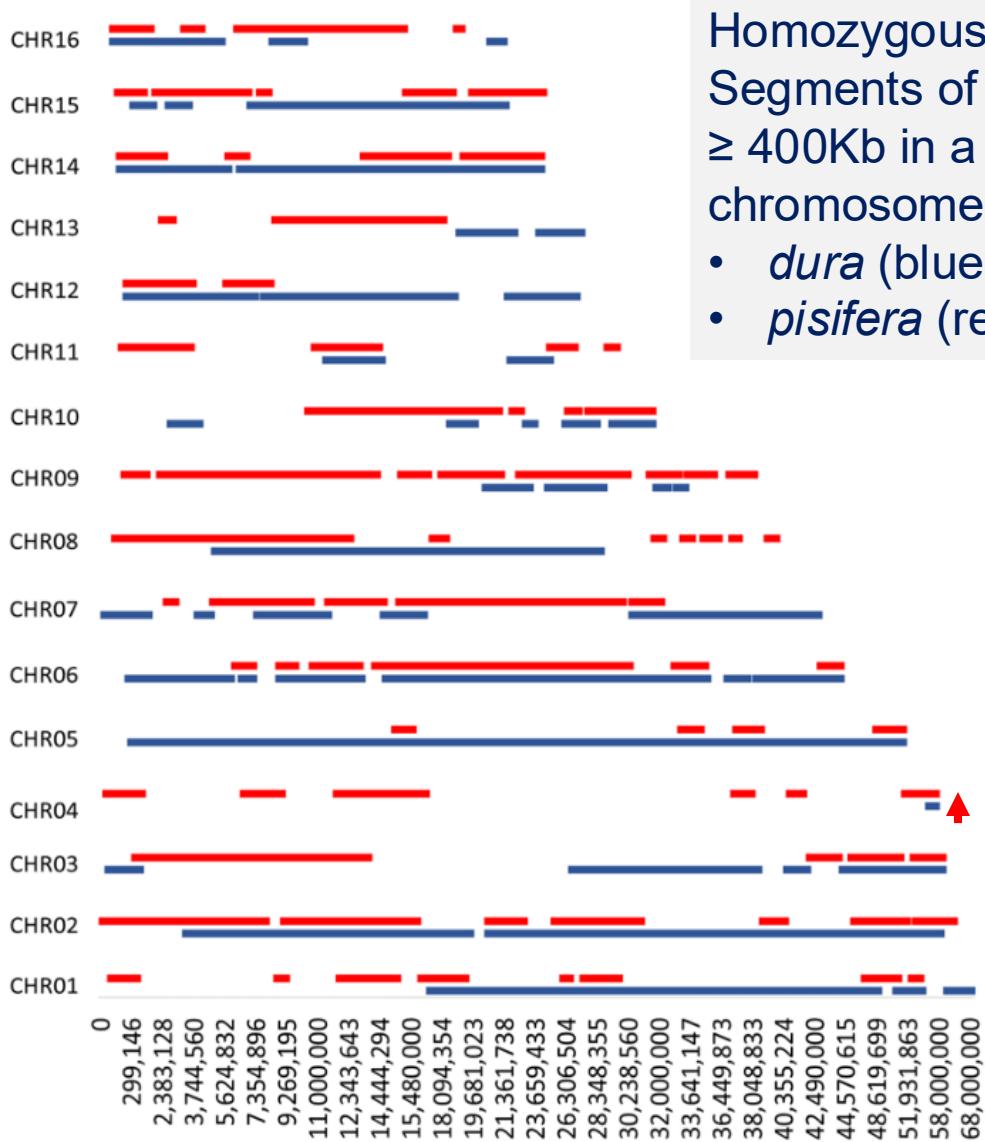
LAUNCHED DURING MPOB TRANSFER OF TECHNOLOGY (TOT) SEMINAR
19 JUNE 2025



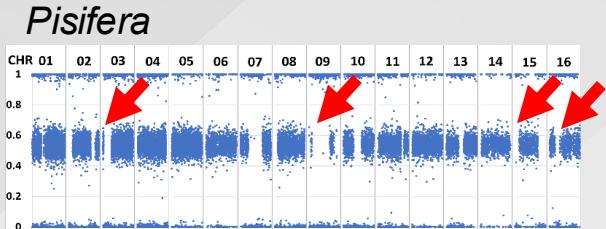
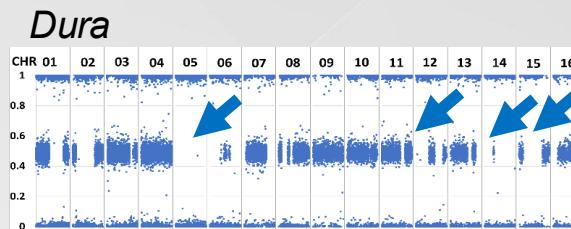
APPLICATION OF MPOBEg50 SNP ARRAY

Detection of Inbreeding,
Aneuploids
&
Polyploids

IMPACT OF IN-BREEDING MORE SEVERE NOW?



Homozygous Segments of $\geq 400\text{Kb}$ in a chromosome of
• *dura* (blue)
• *pisifera* (red)



The Planter, Kuala Lumpur, 99 (1164): 157-170 (2023)
DOI : <https://doi.org/10.56333/tp.2023.017>

Inbreeding Depression in IOI Deli *Dura* Inbred Population

MATHEWS J, NG S K, CHEW T D
IOI Research Centre, 2 km Gemencheh Batang Melaka Road, 73200 Gemencheh,
Negeri Sembilan Darul Khusus, Malaysia

AND

KUA K W AND GOH H L
Pamol Research Station, 8½ Miles Jalan Mersing, 86007 Kluang, Johore Darul Takzim, Malaysia

- Increase in rudimentary anther;
- Increase in bending of fronds;
- Decrease FFB & BWT

EXAMPLES OF CHROMOSOMAL ABERRATIONS IDENTIFIED

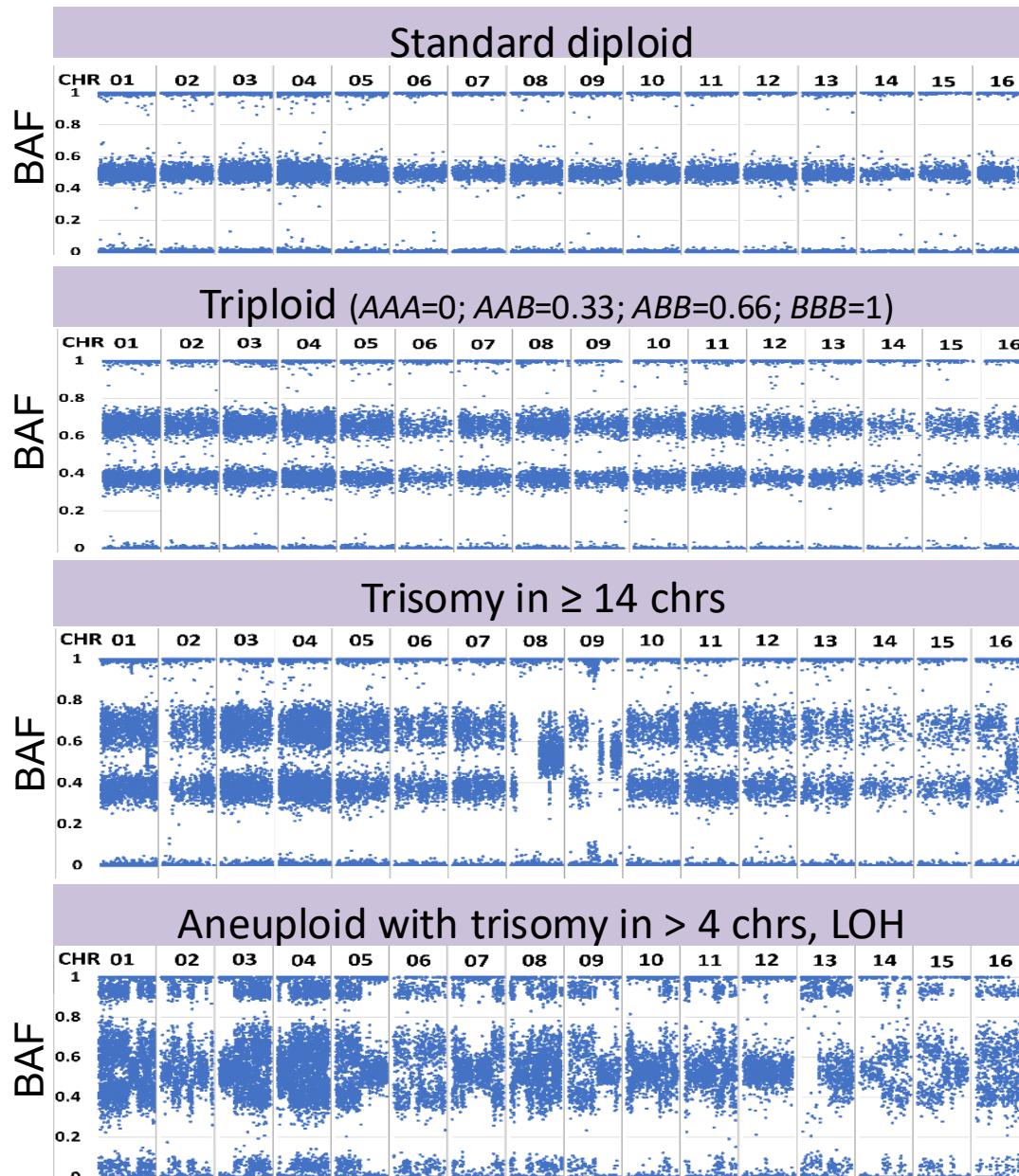
Normal (2N)



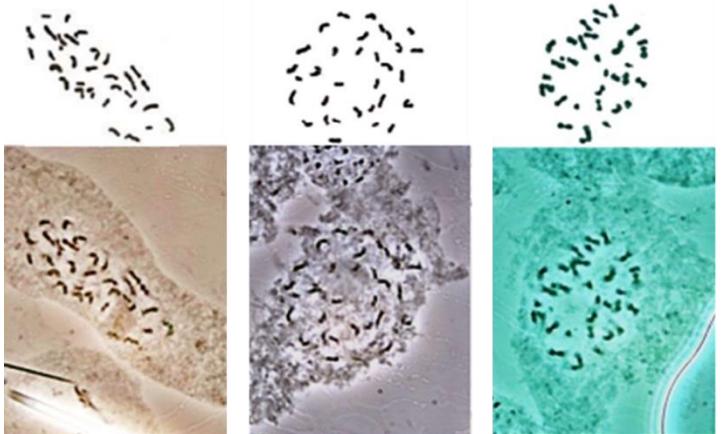
Triploid (3N)



Aneuploid
(2+3N)



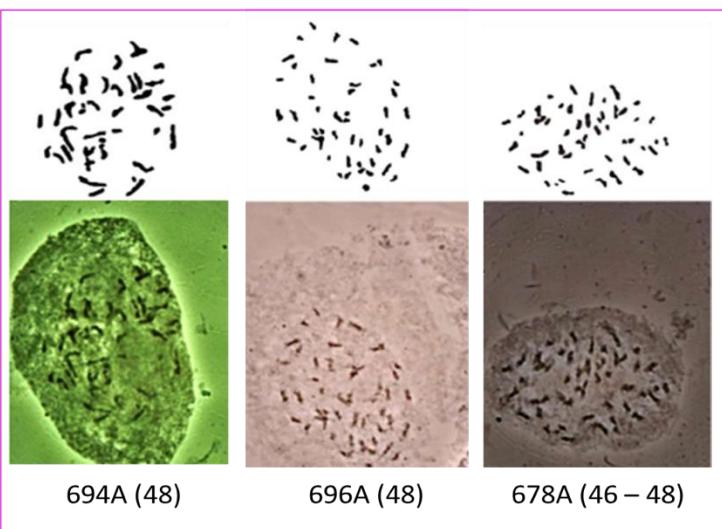
Tripled and triploid aberrant palms confirmed via flow cytometry and chromosome counts



Dura (32)

Pisifera (32)

diploid palm (32)



694A (48)

696A (48)

678A (46 - 48)



APPLICATION OF GENOME INFORMATION

Widening the genetic base and
improving complex traits

BREEDING STRATEGY FOR IMPROVING YIELD



Germplasm collection

Phenotypic evaluation
Genetic characterization
Marker-trait association

Introgress



Broaden the
genetic base

Advanced breeding materials

Deli dura

AVROS pisifera

Molecular breeding

Improved *E. guineensis* lines



E. oleifera, hybrid
& backcross



**MARKER-ASSISTED
SELECTION (MAS)**

GENOMIC SELECTION (GS)

DEVELOPING PALMS WITH LOW HEIGHT INCREMENT & HIGH YIELD



DELI DURA

Oil yield >5t/ha/yr
Height 45-75cm/yr

POP12 PISIFERA

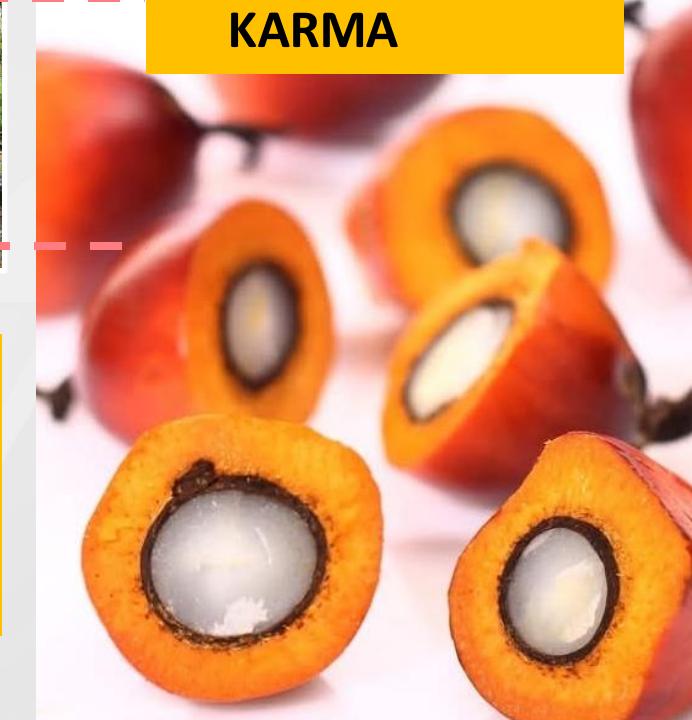
DWARF



PS1.1 planting materials

- ✓ Oil yield 8 t/ha/yr
- ✓ Oil-to-bunch ratio 30%
- ✓ Height <30cm/yr

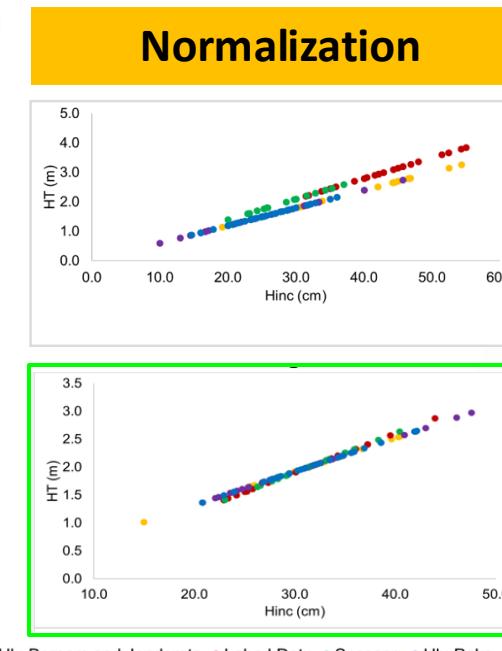
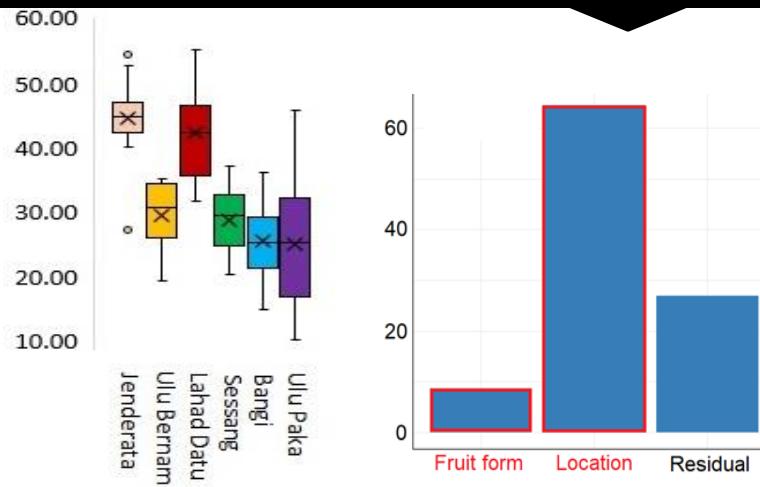
- CLONE THE BEST PERFORMING PS
- 1.1 PALMS
- QC USING SURESAWIT™ KARMA



GENOMIC LOCI ASSOCIATED WITH HEIGHT- NIGERIAN BREEDING POPULATIONS



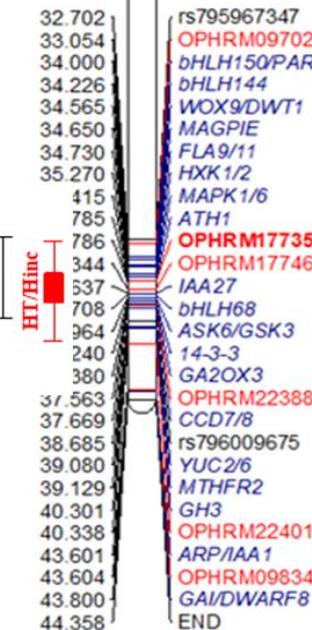
Hinc variance related to planting location (65%)



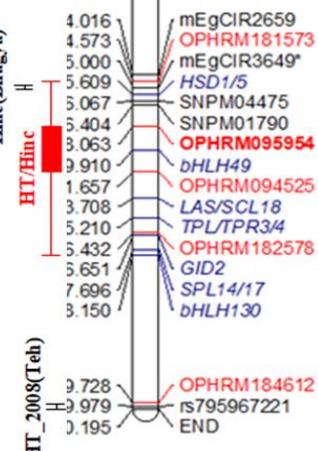
Phenotype data

QTLs associated with height traits

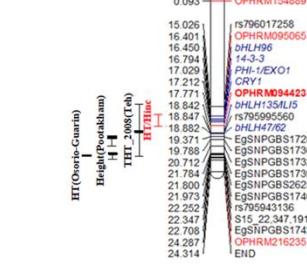
CHR06 (Mbp)



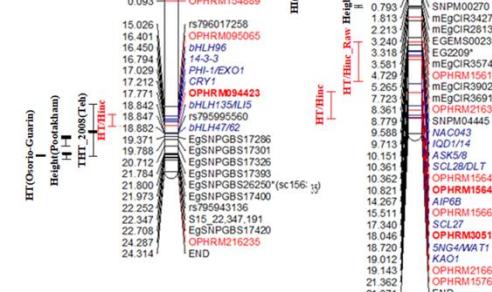
CHR08 (Mbp)



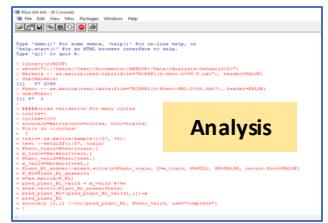
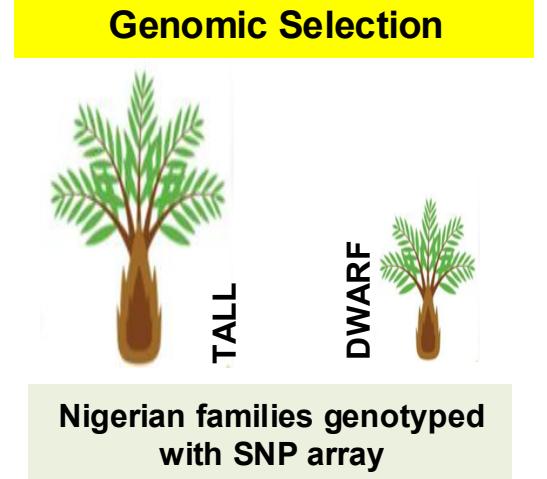
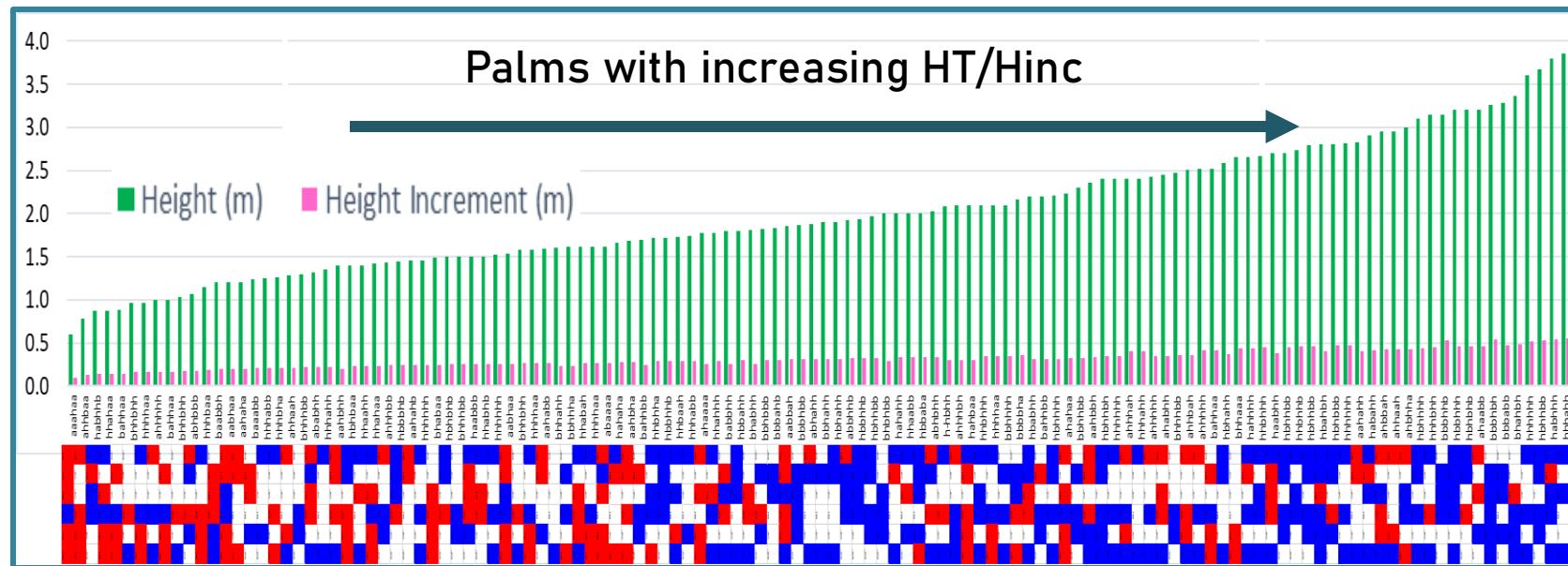
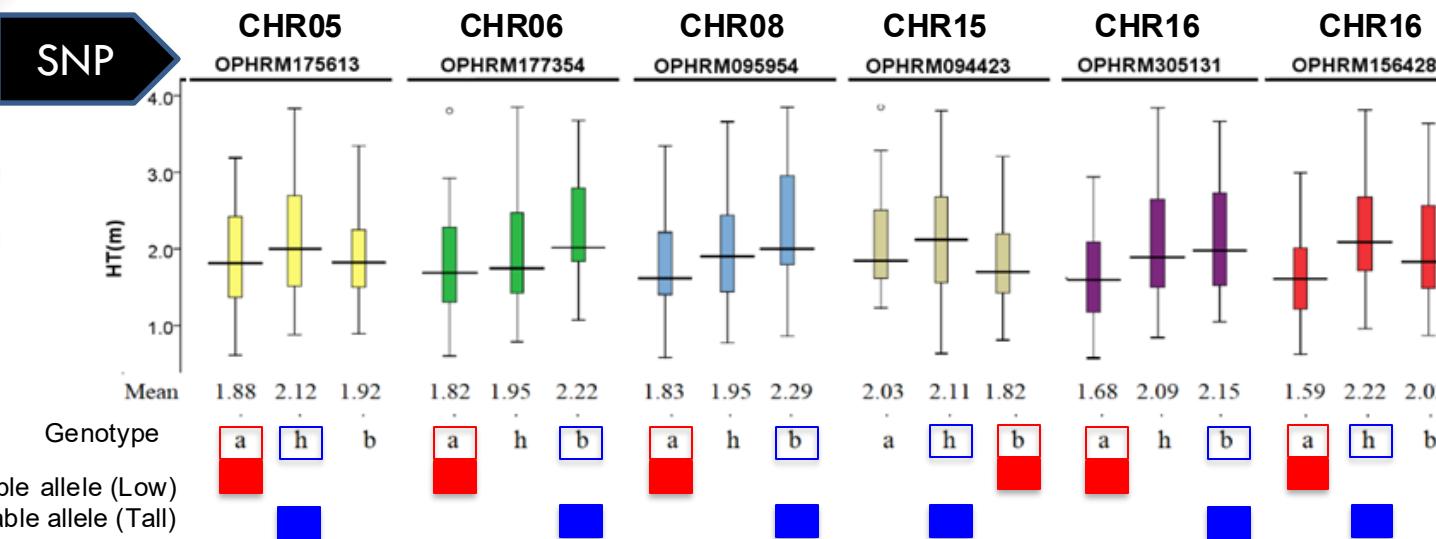
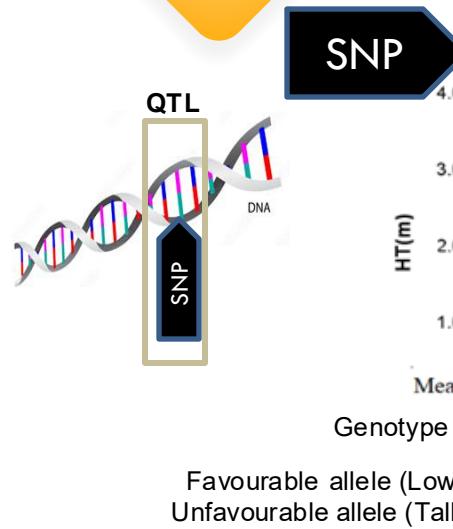
CHR15(Mbp)



CHR16(Mbp)



SNP LINKED QTLS ASSOCIATED WITH HEIGHT



Prediction accuracies

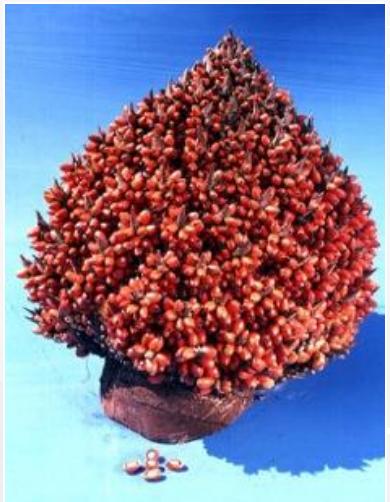
| Models | Htinc (mean ± s.e.) | RL (mean ± s.e.) |
|---|---------------------|------------------|
| RR-BLUP | 0.768±0.002 | 0.447±0.006 |
| Machine Learning (Random Forest) | 0.729 ± 0.005 | 0.447 ± 0.008 |
| Machine Learning (Support Vector Machine) | 0.765 ± 0.004 | 0.453 ± 0.008 |
| Machine Learning (XGBoost) | 0.751 ± 0.005 | 0.443 ± 0.008 |

INTERSPECIFIC HYBRID BREEDING



E. guineensis

- High yield
- Semi-saturated (50/50)



E. oleifera

- Poor yield
- Highly unsaturated
- Low height



E. oleifera x E. guineensis

Targets:

- High IV (>72)
- High oleic acid (C18:1>60%)
- Low palmitic acid (C16:0<25%)
- Low height increment (<30cm/year)

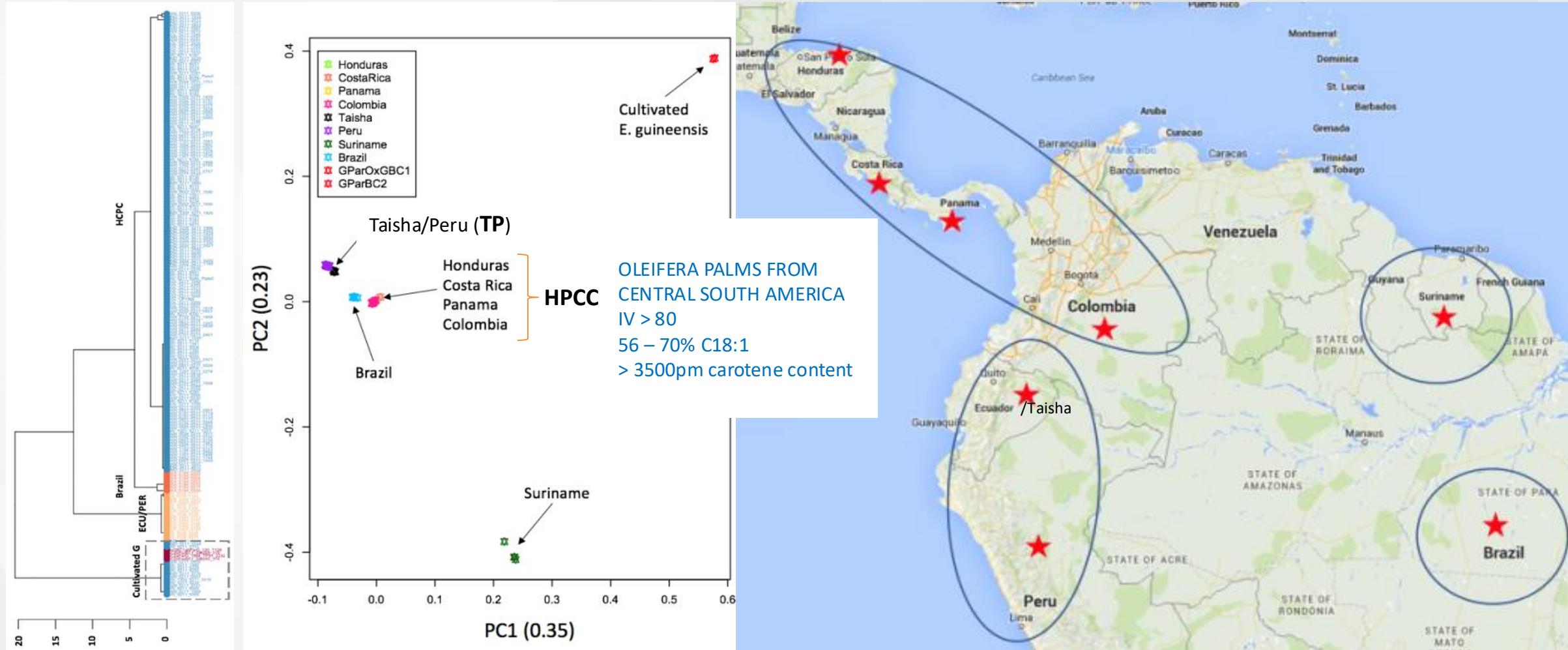
MPOB E. OLEIFERA GERMPLASM COLLECTIONS

| Country | Year | No. of Sites | No. of Accessions |
|------------|------|--------------|-------------------|
| Honduras | 1982 | 4 | 14 |
| Nicaragua | 1982 | 9 | 18 |
| Costa Rica | 1982 | 23 | 61 |
| Panama | 1982 | 13 | 27 |
| Colombia | 1982 | 10 | 41 |
| Suriname | 1982 | 1 | 6 |
| Peru | 2004 | 2 | 7 |
| Ecuador | 2006 | 6 | 11 |





E. oleifera germplasm GENETIC DIVERSITY ANALYSIS



EO x EG

INTERSPECIFIC BACKCROSS BREEDING



X



EO

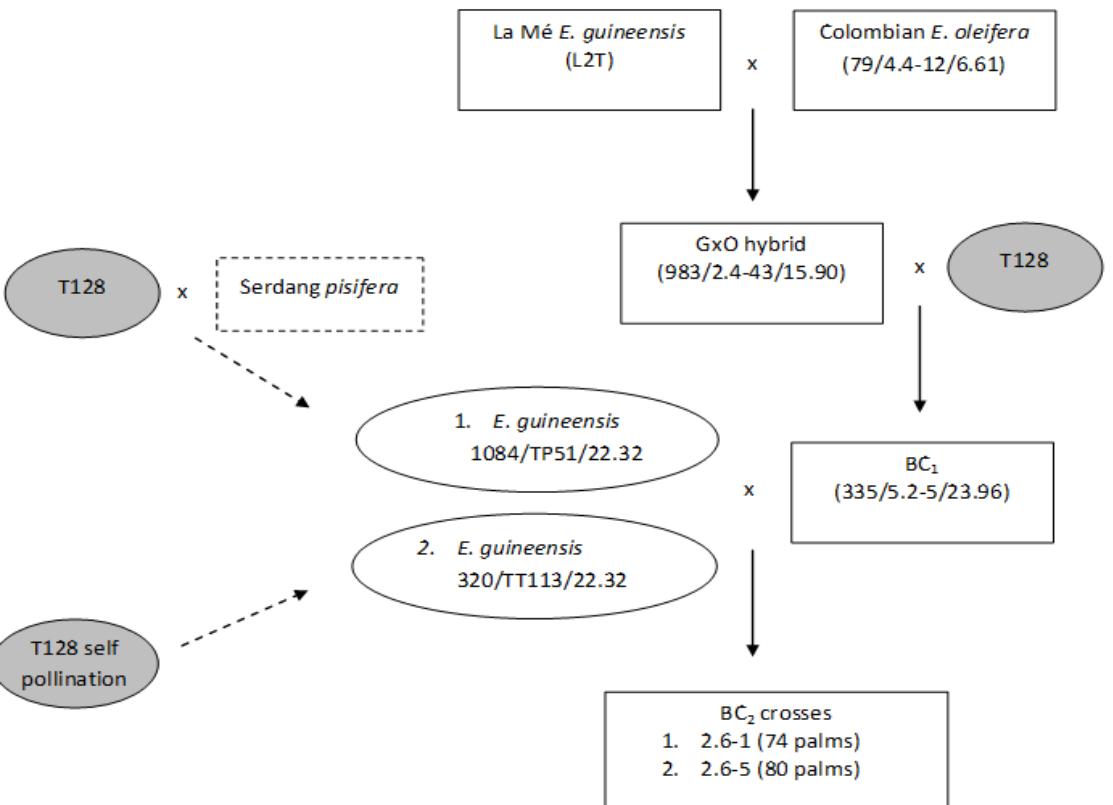
EG



X



OxG
Hybrid



Interspecific
BC₁



X



EG

Interspecific
BC₂

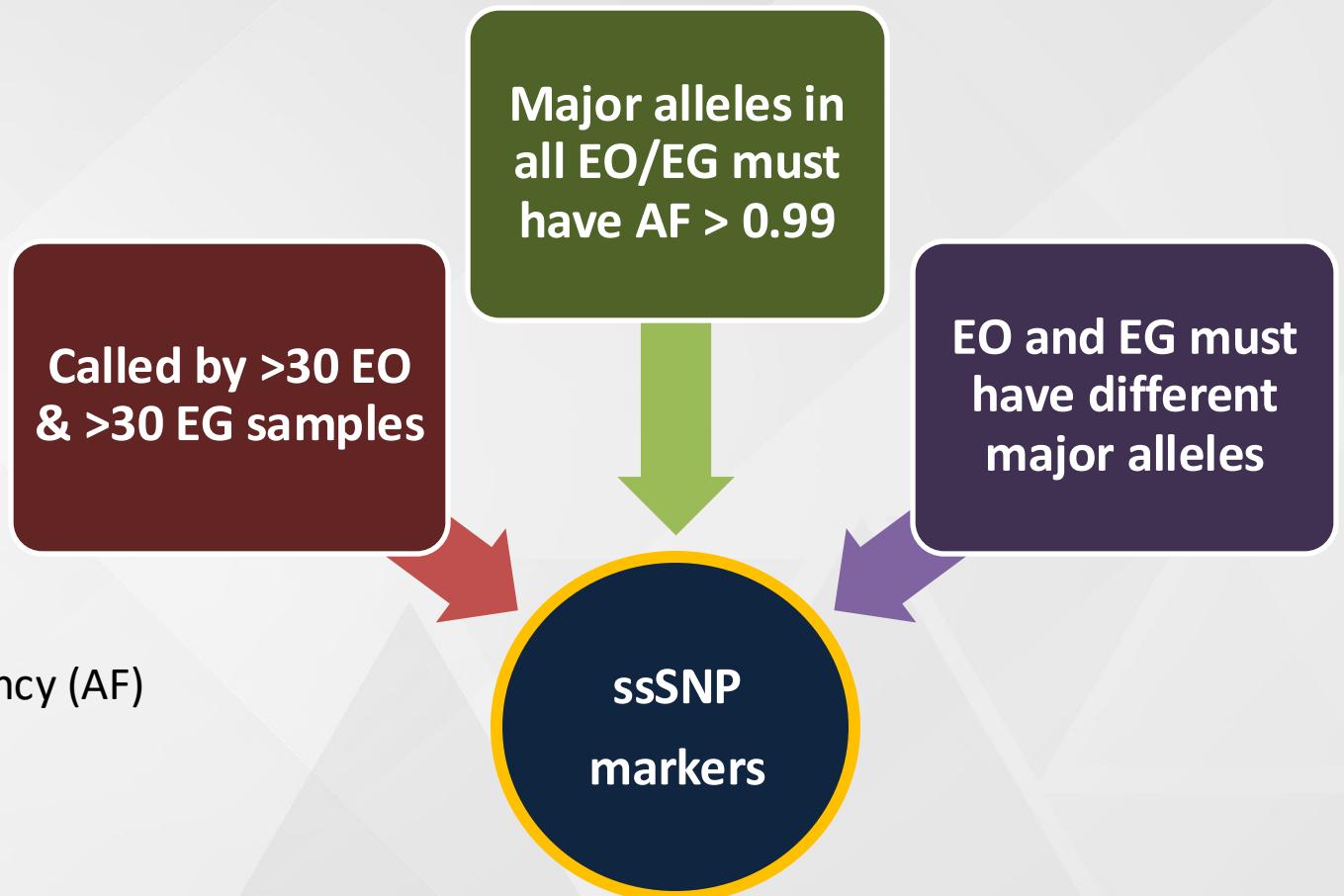


E. oleifera germplasm

IDENTIFICATION OF SPECIES-SPECIFIC SNPs (ssSNPs)

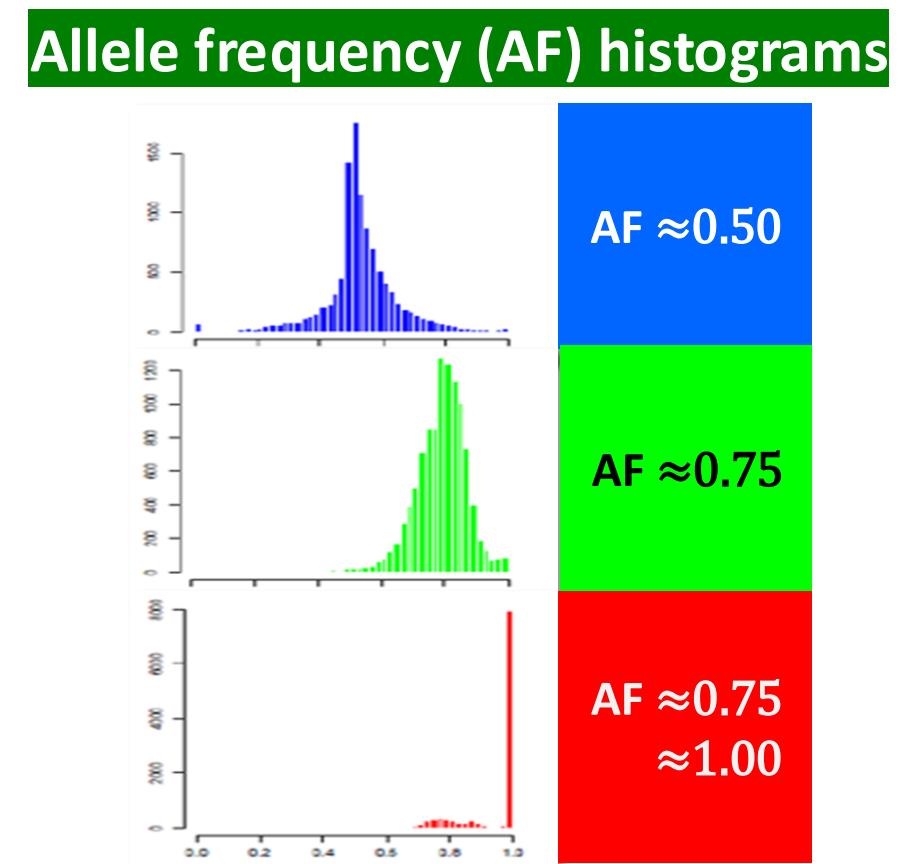
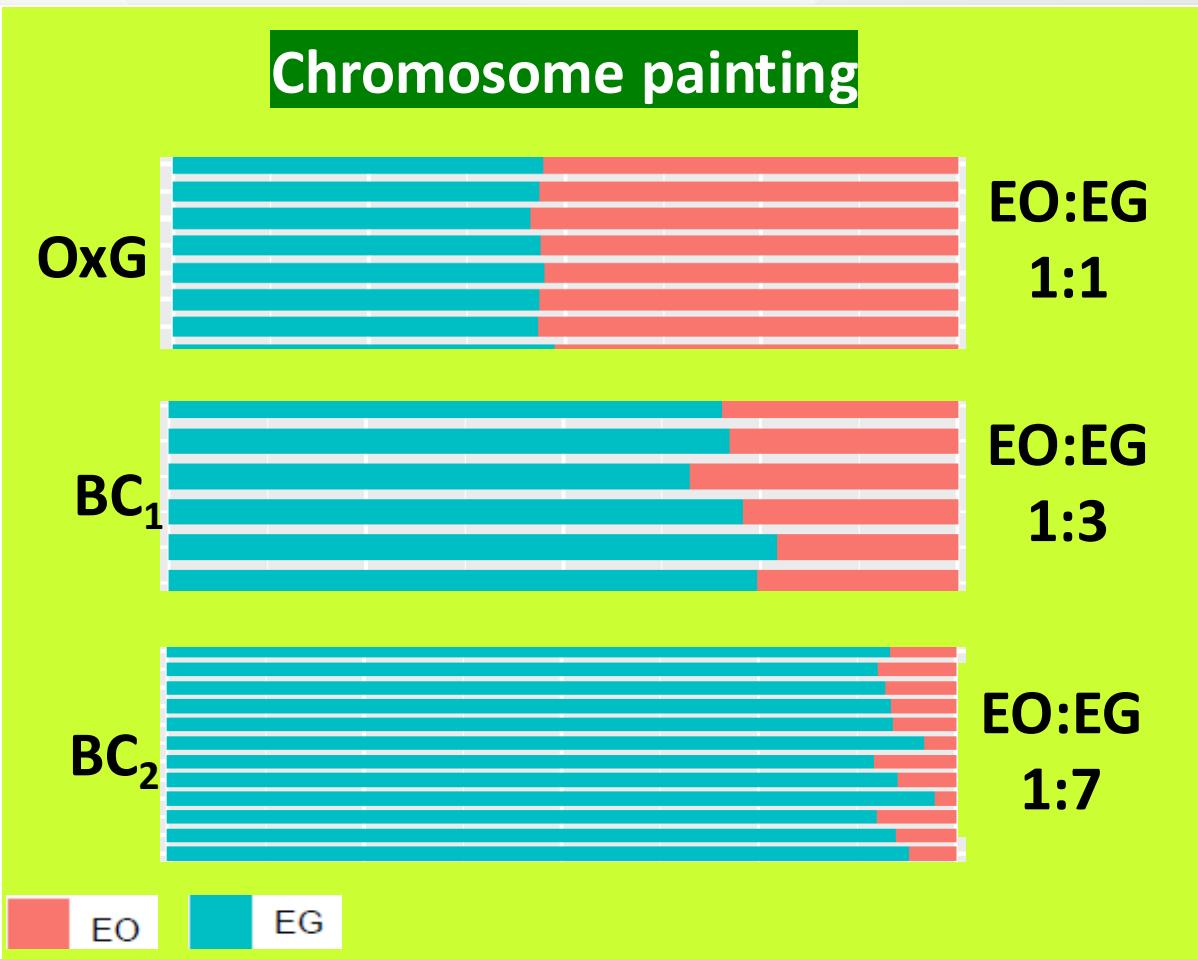
| Species | Sample size | Number of ssSNP |
|---------|-------------|-----------------|
| EG | 43 | 30,336 |
| EO | 184 | 28,862 |

E. guineensis (EG); *E. oleifera* (EO); Allele frequency (AF)



E. oleifera (EO) & *E. guineensis* (EG) ssSNPs

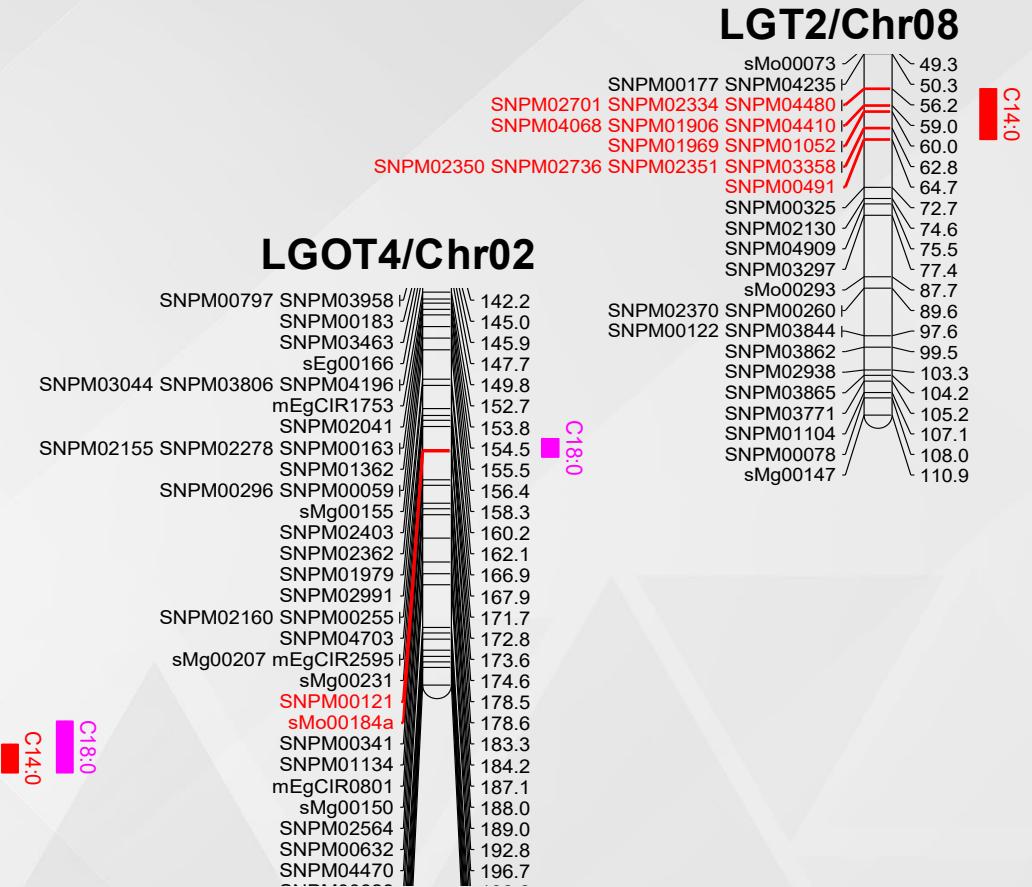
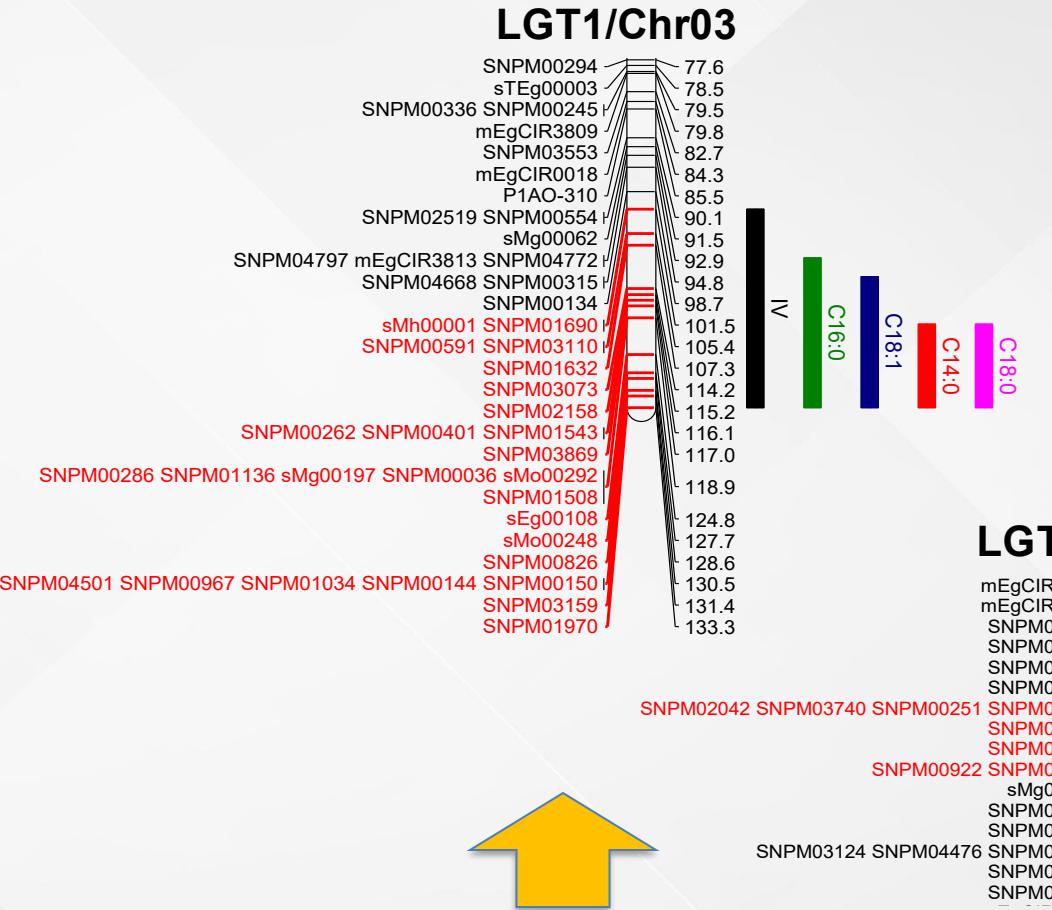
ssSNPs in ● OxG ● BC₁ ● BC₂



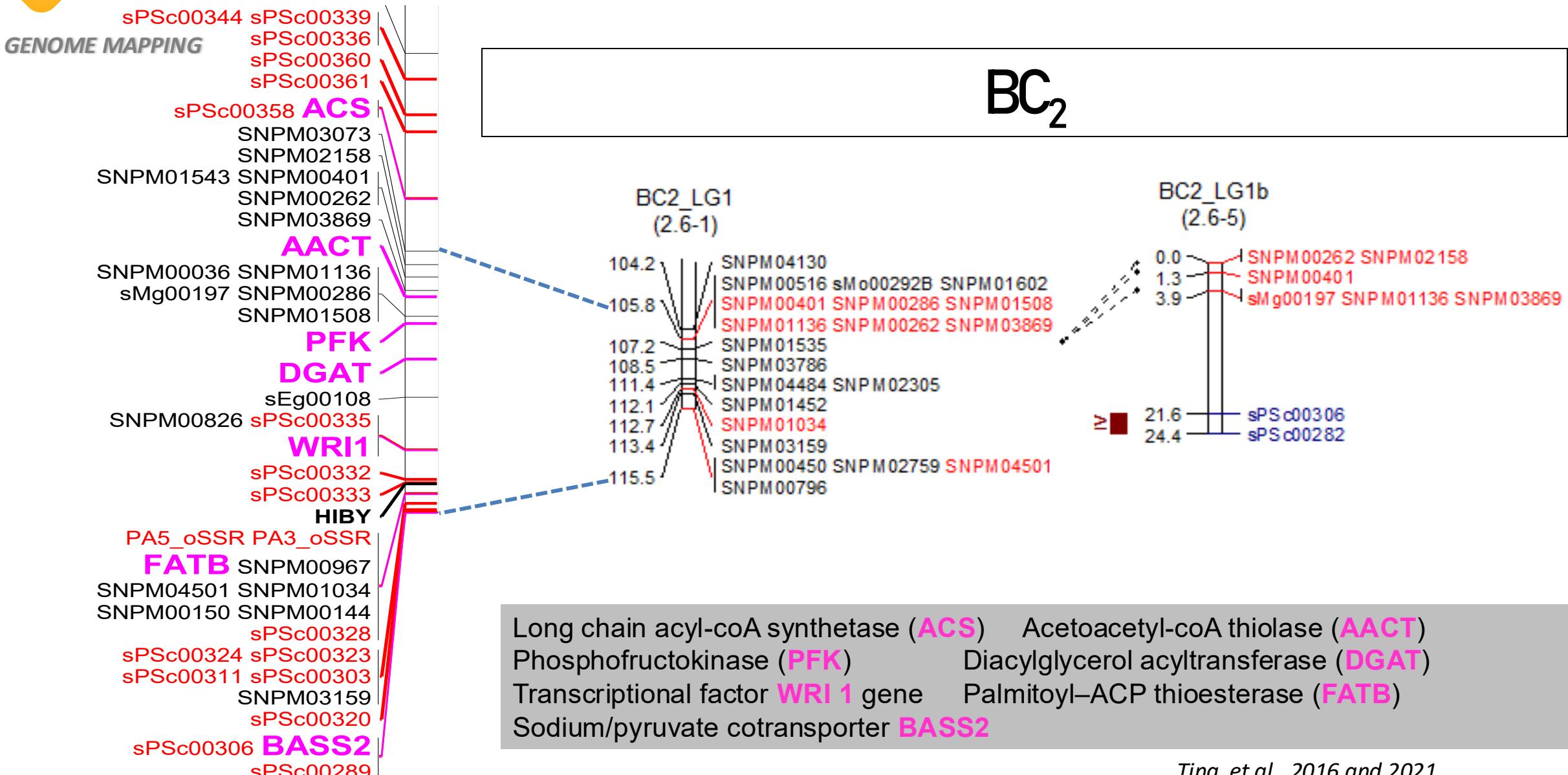


EO x EG

QTL MAPPING: QTLs ASSOCIATED WITH FAC



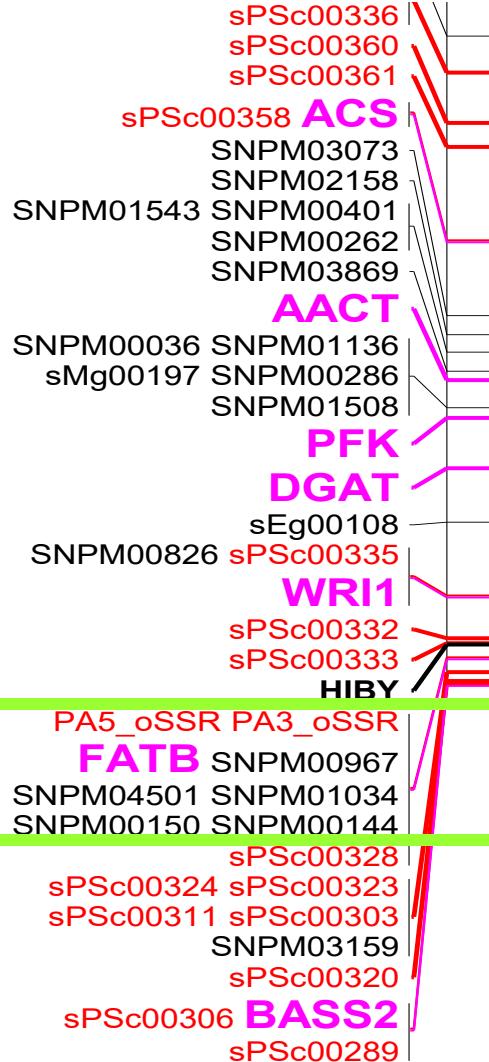
GENOMIC REGION ASSOCIATED WITH FAC ACROSS OxG & BACKCROSSES



EO x EG

QTL MAPPING: MARKERS & GENES LINKED TO QTLs

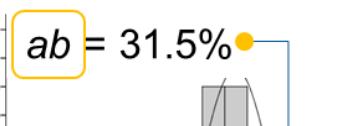
sPSc0 QTL ON Chr03



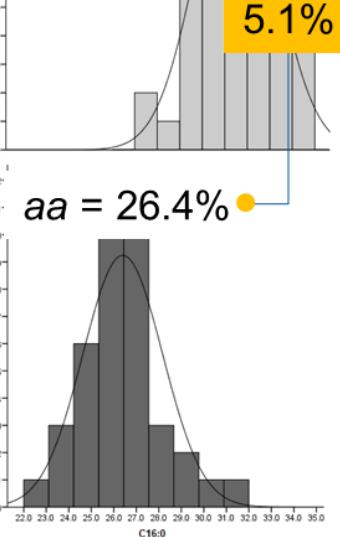
C16:0

| Allele | P1 | P2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| a | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| b | — | ab | ab | aa | aa | ab | aa |

Palm with genotype



Palm with genotype



scientific reports

Article | Open Access | Published: 01 October 2020

Expression of fatty acid and triacylglycerol synthesis genes in interspecific hybrids of oil palm

Later fruit development

Transcriptome data

Real-Time PCR data

Low C16:0 High C16:0

EO x EG



Ting et al., 2020, Scientific Reports

OIL PALM IDEOTYPES TO ADDRESS YIELD GAP

CONVENTIONAL BREEDING

Meet Genetic Potential



Dwarf Palm



Vir Fruit



Long Stalk



High Oleic



High Carotenoid



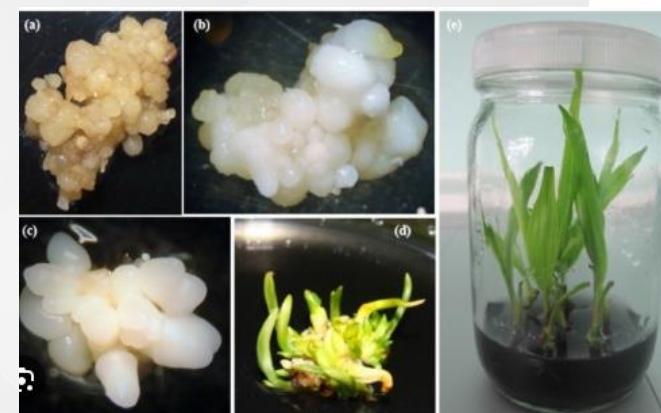
Water Use Efficiency



Disease Resistance

TISSUE CULTURE

Rapid Multiplication of Improved Planting Materials



Uniform Planting Materials



ADDRESSING THE YIELD GAP

BIOLOGICAL DATA

(Imaging (drone, GIS), plant characteristics, omics)



ENVIRONMENTAL DATA

(Rainfall, soil, topography data..)



DATA DRIVEN

- Acquisition
- Storage
- Analytics

Plantation Management

GAP, mechanisation, precision agriculture

GAP required in tandem with use of improved planting material



Improved Planting Material

Conventional Breeding, Gene Editing

MUCHAS GRACIAS



21st CONFERENCIA
INTERNACIONAL
SOBRE PALMA DE ACEITE
21st International Oil Palm Conference

SEE YOU
SOON



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- E** Rafidah Abd Hamid / Nurul Aishah Musa / Noor Asmawati Abd Samad
E rafidah@mpob.gov.my / pipoc@mpob.gov.my
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Malaysian Palm Oil Board
Ministry of Plantation and Commodities, Malaysia

